CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5071

Chapter 263, Laws of 2021

67th Legislature 2021 Regular Session

CIVIL COMMITMENT—TRANSITION TEAMS—LESS RESTRICTIVE ALTERNATIVE TREATMENT

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 25, 2021—Except for section 3, which takes effect July 1, 2026; section 12, which takes effect July 1, 2022; and sections 13 and 14, which are contingent.

Passed by the Senate April 14, 2021 CERTIFICATE Yeas 48 Nays 0 I, Brad Hendrickson, Secretary of the Senate of the State of DENNY HECK Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **ENGROSSED SECOND** President of the Senate SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5071 as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates Passed by the House April 11, 2021 hereon set forth. Yeas 70 Nays 28 BRAD HENDRICKSON LAURIE JINKINS Secretary Speaker of the House of Representatives Approved May 12, 2021 2:44 PM FILED May 12, 2021 Secretary of State JAY INSLEE State of Washington

Governor of the State of Washington

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5071

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 2021 Regular Session

State of Washington 67th Legislature 2021 Regular Session

By Senate Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Dhingra, Darneille, Das, Hunt, Kuderer, Nguyen, and Wilson, C.)

READ FIRST TIME 02/22/21.

- AN ACT Relating to creating transition teams to assist specified 1 2 persons under civil commitment; amending RCW 10.77.150, 71.05.320, 71.05.320, 10.77.060, 70.02.230, 70.02.240, 71.24.035, 10.77.010, 3 10.77.195, 71.05.740, 71.24.035, and 71.24.045; amending 2020 c 302 s 4 110 (uncodified); reenacting and amending RCW 71.05.020, 71.05.020, 5 71.05.020, and 71.05.020; adding a new section to chapter 10.77 RCW; 6 7 adding a new section to chapter 71.24 RCW; creating new sections; 8 providing effective dates; providing a contingent effective date; and 9 providing expiration dates.
- 10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 11 **Sec. 1.** RCW 10.77.150 and 2010 c 263 s 5 are each amended to 12 read as follows:
- 13 (1)Persons examined pursuant to RCW 10.77.140 may 14 application to the secretary for conditional release. The secretary 15 shall, after considering the reports of experts or professional 16 persons conducting the examination pursuant to RCW 10.77.140, forward 17 to the court of the county which ordered the person's commitment the for conditional 18 application release as well 19 secretary's recommendations concerning the application and 20 proposed terms and conditions upon which the secretary reasonably 21 believes the person can be conditionally released. Conditional

release may also contemplate partial release for work, training, or educational purposes.

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- (2) In instances in which persons examined pursuant to RCW 3 10.77.140 have not made application to the secretary for conditional 4 release, but the secretary, after considering the reports of experts 5 6 or professional persons conducting the examination pursuant to RCW 10.77.140, reasonably believes the person may be conditionally 7 released, the secretary may submit a recommendation for release to 8 the court of the county that ordered the person's commitment. The secretary's recommendation must include any proposed terms and 10 11 conditions upon which the secretary reasonably believes the person 12 may be conditionally released. Conditional release may also include partial release for work, training, or educational purposes. Notice 13 of the secretary's recommendation under this subsection must be 14 provided to the person for whom the secretary has made the 15 16 recommendation for release and to his or her attorney.
 - (3) (a) The court of the county which ordered the person's commitment, upon receipt of an application or recommendation for conditional release with the secretary's recommendation conditional release terms and conditions, shall within thirty days schedule a hearing. The court may schedule a hearing on applications recommended for disapproval by the secretary.
 - (b) The prosecuting attorney shall represent the state at such hearings and shall have the right to have the ((patient)) person examined by an expert or professional person of the prosecuting attorney's choice. If the committed person is indigent, and he or she requests, the court shall appoint a qualified expert professional person to examine the person on his or her behalf.
 - (c) The issue to be determined at such a hearing is whether or not the person may be released conditionally to less restrictive alternative treatment under the supervision of a multidisciplinary transition team under conditions imposed by the court, including access to services under section 4 of this act without substantial danger to other persons, or substantial likelihood of committing criminal acts jeopardizing public safety or security.
 - (d) ((The court, after the hearing, shall rule on the secretary's recommendations, and if it disapproves of conditional release, may do so)) In cases that come before the court under subsection (1) or (2) of this section, the court may deny conditional release to a less restrictive alternative only on the basis of substantial evidence.

The court may modify the suggested terms and conditions on which the person is to be conditionally released. Pursuant to the determination of the court after hearing, the committed person shall thereupon be released on such conditions as the court determines to be necessary, or shall be remitted to the custody of the secretary.

- (4) If the order of conditional release ((includes a)) provides for the conditional release of the person to a less restrictive alternative, including residential treatment or treatment in the community, the conditional release order must also include:
- (a) A requirement for the committed person to ((report to a)) be supervised by a multidisciplinary transition team, including a specially trained community corrections officer, ((the order shall also specify that the conditionally released person shall be under the supervision of the secretary of corrections or such person as the secretary of corrections may designate and shall follow explicitly the instructions of the secretary of corrections including)) a representative of the department of social and health services, and a representative of the community behavioral health agency providing treatment to the person under section 4 of this act.
- (i) The court may omit appointment of the representative of the community behavioral health agency if the conditional release order does not require participation in behavioral health treatment;
- (ii) The court may omit the appointment of a community corrections officer if it makes a special finding that the appointment of a community corrections officer would not facilitate the success of the person, or the safety of the person and the community;
- (b) A requirement for the person to comply with conditions of supervision established by the court which shall include at a minimum reporting as directed to a ((community corrections officer)) designated member of the transition team, remaining within prescribed geographical boundaries, and notifying the ((community corrections officer)) transition team prior to making any change in the ((offender's)) person's address or employment. If the ((order of conditional release includes a requirement for the committed person to report to a community corrections officer, the community corrections officer shall notify the secretary or the secretary's designee, if the)) person is not in compliance with the court-ordered conditions of release((-)), the community corrections officer or

another designated transition team member shall notify the secretary or the secretary's designee; and

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 $((\frac{4}{}))$ (c) If the court ($\frac{determines}{determines}$) periodic medication or other medical treatment shall be a condition of the committed person's release, then the court shall require him or her to report to a physician or other medical or mental health practitioner for the medication or treatment. In addition to submitting any report required by RCW 10.77.160, the physician or other medical or mental health practitioner shall immediately upon the released person's failure to appear for the)) requires participation in behavioral health treatment, the name of the licensed or certified behavioral health agency responsible for identifying the services the person will receive under section 4 of this act, and a requirement that the person cooperate with the services planned by the licensed or certified behavioral health agency. The licensed or certified behavioral health agency must comply with the reporting requirements of RCW 10.77.160, and must immediately report to the court, prosecutor, and defense counsel any substantial withdrawal or disengagement from medication or treatment, or ((upon a)) <u>any</u> change in <u>the person's</u> mental health condition that renders ((the patient)) him or her a potential risk to the public ((report to the court, to the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the released person was committed, to the secretary, and to the supervising community corrections officer)).

- (4) of this section shall be to facilitate the success of the person on the conditional release order by monitoring the person's progress in treatment, compliance with court-ordered conditions, and to problem solve around extra support the person may need or circumstances that may arise that threaten the safety of the person or the community. The transition team may develop a monitoring plan that may be carried out by any member of the team. The transition team shall meet according to a schedule developed by the team, and shall communicate as needed if issues arise that require the immediate attention of the team.
- (6) The department of corrections shall collaborate with the department to develop specialized training for community corrections officers under this section. The lack of a trained community corrections officer must not be the cause of delay to entry of a

conditional release order. Another community corrections officer may be appointed if no specially trained officer is available.

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- (7) Any person, whose application for conditional release has been denied, may reapply after a period of six months from the date of denial, or sooner with the support of the department.
- 6 (8) A person examined under RCW 10.77.140 or the department may make a motion for limited conditional release under this section, on 7 the grounds that there is insufficient evidence that the person may 8 be released conditionally to less restrictive alternative treatment 9 under subsection (3)(c) of this section, but the person would benefit 10 from the opportunity to exercise increased privileges while remaining 11 12 under the custody and supervision of the department and with the supervision of the department these increased privileges can be 13 exercised without substantial danger to other persons or substantial 14 likelihood of committing criminal acts jeopardizing public safety or 15 security. The department may respond to a person's application for 16 17 conditional release by instead supporting limited conditional 18 release.
- 19 **Sec. 2.** RCW 71.05.320 and 2020 c 302 s 45 are each amended to 20 read as follows:
 - (1) (a) Subject to (b) of this subsection, if the court or jury finds that grounds set forth in RCW 71.05.280 have been proven and that the best interests of the person or others will not be served by a less restrictive treatment which is an alternative to detention, the court shall remand him or her to the custody of the department of social and health services or to a facility certified for ninety day treatment by the department for a further period of intensive treatment not to exceed ninety days from the date of judgment.
 - (b) If the order for inpatient treatment is based on a substance use disorder, treatment must take place at an approved substance use disorder treatment program. The court may only enter an order for commitment based on a substance use disorder if there is an available approved substance use disorder treatment program with adequate space for the person.
 - (c) If the grounds set forth in RCW 71.05.280(3) are the basis of commitment, then the period of treatment may be up to but not exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of judgment to the custody of the department of social and health services or to a facility

certified for one hundred eighty-day treatment by the department or under RCW 71.05.745.

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- (2) If the court or jury finds that grounds set forth in RCW 71.05.280 have been proven, but finds that treatment less restrictive than detention will be in the best interest of the person or others, then the court shall remand him or her to the custody of the department of social and health services or to a facility certified for ninety day treatment by the department or to a less restrictive alternative for a further period of less restrictive treatment not to exceed ninety days from the date of judgment. If the grounds set forth in RCW 71.05.280(3) are the basis of commitment, then the period of treatment may be up to but not exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of judgment. If the court has made an affirmative special finding under RCW 71.05.280(3)(b), the court shall appoint a multidisciplinary transition team as provided in subsection (6)(a)(i) of this section. If the court or jury finds that the grounds set forth in RCW 71.05.280(5) have been proven, and provide the only basis for commitment, the court must enter an order for less restrictive alternative treatment for up to ninety days from the date of judgment and may not order inpatient treatment.
 - (3) An order for less restrictive alternative treatment entered under subsection (2) of this section must name the behavioral health service provider responsible for identifying the services the person will receive in accordance with RCW 71.05.585, and must include a requirement that the person cooperate with the services planned by the behavioral health service provider.
 - (4) The person shall be released from involuntary treatment at the expiration of the period of commitment imposed under subsection (1) or (2) of this section unless the superintendent or professional person in charge of the facility in which he or she is confined, or in the event of a less restrictive alternative, the designated crisis responder, files a new petition for involuntary treatment on the grounds that the committed person:
 - (a) During the current period of court ordered treatment: (i) Has threatened, attempted, or inflicted physical harm upon the person of another, or substantial damage upon the property of another, and (ii) as a result of a behavioral health disorder or developmental disability presents a likelihood of serious harm; or
- (b) Was taken into custody as a result of conduct in which he or she attempted or inflicted serious physical harm upon the person of

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another, and continues to present, as a result of a behavioral health disorder or developmental disability, a likelihood of serious harm; or

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- (c) (i) Is in custody pursuant to RCW 71.05.280(3) and as a result of a behavioral health disorder or developmental disability continues to present a substantial likelihood of repeating acts similar to the charged criminal behavior, when considering the person's life history, progress in treatment, and the public safety.
- (ii) In cases under this subsection where the court has made an 9 affirmative special finding under RCW 71.05.280(3)(b), the commitment 10 11 shall continue for up to an additional one hundred eighty-day period 12 whenever the petition presents prima facie evidence that the person suffer from a behavioral health disorder 13 continues to developmental disability that results in a substantial likelihood of 14 committing acts similar to the charged criminal behavior, unless the 15 16 person presents proof through an admissible expert opinion that the 17 person's condition has so changed such that the behavioral health disorder or developmental disability no longer presents a substantial 18 likelihood of the person committing acts similar to the charged 19 criminal behavior. The initial or additional commitment period may 20 include transfer to a specialized program of intensive support and 21 treatment, which may be initiated prior to or after discharge from 22 23 the state hospital; or
 - (d) Continues to be gravely disabled; or
 - (e) Is in need of assisted outpatient behavioral health treatment.
 - If the conduct required to be proven in (b) and (c) of this subsection was found by a judge or jury in a prior trial under this chapter, it shall not be necessary to prove such conduct again.
 - If less restrictive alternative treatment is sought, the petition shall set forth any recommendations for less restrictive alternative treatment services.
 - (5) A new petition for involuntary treatment filed under subsection (4) of this section shall be filed and heard in the superior court of the county of the facility which is filing the new petition for involuntary treatment unless good cause is shown for a change of venue. The cost of the proceedings shall be borne by the state.
- 39 (6)(a) The hearing shall be held as provided in RCW 71.05.310, 40 and if the court or jury finds that the grounds for additional

confinement as set forth in this section are present, subject to subsection (1)(b) of this section, the court may order the committed person returned for an additional period of treatment not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of judgment, except as provided in subsection (7) of this section. If the court's order is based solely on the grounds identified in subsection (4)(e) of this section, the court may enter an order for less restrictive alternative treatment not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of judgment, and may not enter an order for inpatient treatment. An order for less restrictive alternative treatment must name the behavioral health service provider responsible for identifying the services the person will receive in accordance with RCW 71.05.585, and must include a requirement that the person cooperate with the services planned by the behavioral health service provider.

- (i) In cases where the court has ordered less restrictive alternative treatment and has previously made an affirmative special finding under RCW 71.05.280(3)(b), the court shall appoint a multidisciplinary transition team to supervise and assist the person on the order for less restrictive treatment, which shall include a representative of the community behavioral health agency providing treatment under RCW 71.05.585, and a specially trained supervising community corrections officer. The court may omit the appointment of a community corrections officer if it makes a special finding that the appointment of a community corrections officer would not facilitate the success of the person, or the safety of the person and the community under (a) (ii) of this subsection.
- (ii) The role of the transition team shall be to facilitate the success of the person on the less restrictive alternative order by monitoring the person's progress in treatment, compliance with court-ordered conditions, and to problem solve around extra support the person may need or circumstances which may arise that threaten the safety of the person or the community. The transition team may develop a monitoring plan which may be carried out by any member of the team. The transition team shall meet according to a schedule developed by the team, and shall communicate as needed if issues arise that require the immediate attention of the team.
- (iii) The department of corrections shall collaborate with the department to develop specialized training for community corrections officers under this section. The lack of a trained community

1 <u>corrections officer must not be the cause of delay to entry of a less</u> 2 <u>restrictive alternative order.</u>

- (b) At the end of the one hundred eighty-day period of commitment, or one-year period of commitment if subsection (7) of this section applies, the committed person shall be released unless a petition for an additional one hundred eighty-day period of continued treatment is filed and heard in the same manner as provided in this section. Successive one hundred eighty-day commitments are permissible on the same grounds and pursuant to the same procedures as the original one hundred eighty-day commitment.
- (7) An order for less restrictive treatment entered under subsection (6) of this section may be for up to one year when the person's previous commitment term was for intensive inpatient treatment in a state hospital.
- 15 (8) No person committed as provided in this section may be 16 detained unless a valid order of commitment is in effect. No order of 17 commitment can exceed one hundred eighty days in length except as 18 provided in subsection (7) of this section.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 71.05.320 and 2020 c 302 s 46 are each amended to 20 read as follows:
 - (1) If the court or jury finds that grounds set forth in RCW 71.05.280 have been proven and that the best interests of the person or others will not be served by a less restrictive treatment which is an alternative to detention, the court shall remand him or her to the custody of the department of social and health services or to a facility certified for ninety day treatment by the department for a further period of intensive treatment not to exceed ninety days from the date of judgment.
 - If the order for inpatient treatment is based on a substance use disorder, treatment must take place at an approved substance use disorder treatment program. If the grounds set forth in RCW 71.05.280(3) are the basis of commitment, then the period of treatment may be up to but not exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of judgment to the custody of the department of social and health services or to a facility certified for one hundred eighty-day treatment by the department or under RCW 71.05.745.
- 37 (2) If the court or jury finds that grounds set forth in RCW 71.05.280 have been proven, but finds that treatment less restrictive than detention will be in the best interest of the person or others,

- 1 then the court shall remand him or her to the custody of the department of social and health services or to a facility certified 2 for ninety day treatment by the department or to a less restrictive 3 alternative for a further period of less restrictive treatment not to 4 exceed ninety days from the date of judgment. If the grounds set 5 6 forth in RCW 71.05.280(3) are the basis of commitment, then the period of treatment may be up to but not exceed one hundred eighty 7 days from the date of judgment. If the court has made an affirmative 8 special finding under RCW 71.05.280(3)(b), the court shall appoint a 9 multidisciplinary transition team as provided in subsection (6)(a)(i) 10 of this section. If the court or jury finds that the grounds set 11 12 forth in RCW 71.05.280(5) have been proven, and provide the only basis for commitment, the court must enter an order for 13 restrictive alternative treatment for up to ninety days from the date 14 of judgment and may not order inpatient treatment. 15
 - (3) An order for less restrictive alternative treatment entered under subsection (2) of this section must name the behavioral health service provider responsible for identifying the services the person will receive in accordance with RCW 71.05.585, and must include a requirement that the person cooperate with the services planned by the behavioral health service provider.

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- (4) The person shall be released from involuntary treatment at the expiration of the period of commitment imposed under subsection (1) or (2) of this section unless the superintendent or professional person in charge of the facility in which he or she is confined, or in the event of a less restrictive alternative, the designated crisis responder, files a new petition for involuntary treatment on the grounds that the committed person:
- (a) During the current period of court ordered treatment: (i) Has threatened, attempted, or inflicted physical harm upon the person of another, or substantial damage upon the property of another, and (ii) as a result of a behavioral health disorder or developmental disability presents a likelihood of serious harm; or
- (b) Was taken into custody as a result of conduct in which he or she attempted or inflicted serious physical harm upon the person of another, and continues to present, as a result of a behavioral health disorder or developmental disability, a likelihood of serious harm; or
- 39 (c)(i) Is in custody pursuant to RCW 71.05.280(3) and as a result 40 of a behavioral health disorder or developmental disability continues

to present a substantial likelihood of repeating acts similar to the charged criminal behavior, when considering the person's life history, progress in treatment, and the public safety.

- (ii) In cases under this subsection where the court has made an affirmative special finding under RCW 71.05.280(3)(b), the commitment shall continue for up to an additional one hundred eighty-day period whenever the petition presents prima facie evidence that the person continues to suffer from a behavioral health disorder or developmental disability that results in a substantial likelihood of committing acts similar to the charged criminal behavior, unless the person presents proof through an admissible expert opinion that the person's condition has so changed such that the behavioral health disorder or developmental disability no longer presents a substantial likelihood of the person committing acts similar to the charged criminal behavior. The initial or additional commitment period may include transfer to a specialized program of intensive support and treatment, which may be initiated prior to or after discharge from the state hospital; or
 - (d) Continues to be gravely disabled; or

20 (e) Is in need of assisted outpatient behavioral health 21 treatment.

If the conduct required to be proven in (b) and (c) of this subsection was found by a judge or jury in a prior trial under this chapter, it shall not be necessary to prove such conduct again.

If less restrictive alternative treatment is sought, the petition shall set forth any recommendations for less restrictive alternative treatment services.

- (5) A new petition for involuntary treatment filed under subsection (4) of this section shall be filed and heard in the superior court of the county of the facility which is filing the new petition for involuntary treatment unless good cause is shown for a change of venue. The cost of the proceedings shall be borne by the state.
- (6) (a) The hearing shall be held as provided in RCW 71.05.310, and if the court or jury finds that the grounds for additional confinement as set forth in this section are present, the court may order the committed person returned for an additional period of treatment not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of judgment, except as provided in subsection (7) of this section. If the court's order is based solely on the grounds identified in

subsection (4)(e) of this section, the court may enter an order for less restrictive alternative treatment not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of judgment, and may not enter an order for inpatient treatment. An order for less restrictive alternative treatment must name the behavioral health service provider responsible for identifying the services the person will receive in accordance with RCW 71.05.585, and must include a requirement that the person cooperate with the services planned by the behavioral health service provider.

- (i) In cases where the court has ordered less restrictive alternative treatment and has previously made an affirmative special finding under RCW 71.05.280(3)(b), the court shall appoint a multidisciplinary transition team to supervise and assist the person on the order for less restrictive treatment, which shall include a representative of the community behavioral health agency providing treatment under RCW 71.05.585, and a specially trained supervising community corrections officer. The court may omit the appointment of a community corrections officer if it makes a special finding that the appointment of a community corrections officer would not facilitate the success of the person, or the safety of the person and the community under (a) (ii) of this subsection.
- (ii) The role of the transition team shall be to facilitate the success of the person on the less restrictive alternative order by monitoring the person's progress in treatment, compliance with court-ordered conditions, and to problem solve around extra support the person may need or circumstances which may arise that threaten the safety of the person or the community. The transition team may develop a monitoring plan which may be carried out by any member of the team. The transition team shall meet according to a schedule developed by the team, and shall communicate as needed if issues arise that require the immediate attention of the team.
- (iii) The department of corrections shall collaborate with the department to develop specialized training for community corrections officers under this section. The lack of a trained community corrections officer must not be the cause of delay to entry of a less restrictive alternative order.
- (b) At the end of the one hundred eighty-day period of commitment, or one-year period of commitment if subsection (7) of this section applies, the committed person shall be released unless a petition for an additional one hundred eighty-day period of continued

- treatment is filed and heard in the same manner as provided in this section. Successive one hundred eighty-day commitments are permissible on the same grounds and pursuant to the same procedures as the original one hundred eighty-day commitment.
- 5 (7) An order for less restrictive treatment entered under 6 subsection (6) of this section may be for up to one year when the 7 person's previous commitment term was for intensive inpatient 8 treatment in a state hospital.
- 9 (8) No person committed as provided in this section may be 10 detained unless a valid order of commitment is in effect. No order of 11 commitment can exceed one hundred eighty days in length except as 12 provided in subsection (7) of this section.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 10.77
 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) Conditional release planning should start at admission and proceed in coordination between the department and the person's managed care organization, or behavioral health administrative services organization if the person is not eligible for medical assistance under chapter 74.09 RCW. If needed, the department shall assist the person to enroll in medical assistance in suspense status under RCW 74.09.670. The state hospital liaison for the managed care organization or behavioral health administrative services organization shall facilitate conditional release planning in collaboration with the department.
 - (2) Less restrictive alternative treatment pursuant to a conditional release order, at a minimum, includes the following services:
 - (a) Assignment of a care coordinator;
- 29 (b) An intake evaluation with the provider of the conditional 30 treatment;
- 31 (c) A psychiatric evaluation or a substance use disorder 32 evaluation, or both;
- 33 (d) A schedule of regular contacts with the provider of the less 34 restrictive alternative treatment services for the duration of the 35 order;
- 36 (e) A transition plan addressing access to continued services at the expiration of the order;
 - (f) An individual crisis plan;

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- 1 (g) Consultation about the formation of a mental health advance 2 directive under chapter 71.32 RCW; and
 - (h) Appointment of a transition team under RCW 10.77.150;
 - (i) Notification to the care coordinator assigned in (a) of this subsection and to the transition team as provided in RCW 10.77.150 if reasonable efforts to engage the client fail to produce substantial compliance with court-ordered treatment conditions.
 - (3) Less restrictive alternative treatment pursuant to a conditional release order may additionally include requirements to participate in the following services:
 - (a) Medication management;
 - (b) Psychotherapy;
- 13 (c) Nursing;

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- (d) Substance use disorder counseling;
- 15 (e) Residential treatment;
 - (f) Support for housing, benefits, education, and employment; and
 - (g) Periodic court review.
- 18 (4) Nothing in this section prohibits items in subsection (2) of 19 this section from beginning before the conditional release of the 20 individual.
 - (5) If the person was provided with involuntary medication under RCW 10.77.094 or pursuant to a judicial order during the involuntary commitment period, the less restrictive alternative treatment pursuant to the conditional release order may authorize the less restrictive alternative treatment provider or its designee to administer involuntary antipsychotic medication to the person if the provider has attempted and failed to obtain the informed consent of the person and there is a concurring medical opinion approving the medication by a psychiatrist, physician assistant working with a supervising psychiatrist, psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner, or physician or physician assistant in consultation with an independent mental health professional with prescribing authority.
 - (6) Less restrictive alternative treatment pursuant to a conditional release order must be administered by a provider that is certified or licensed to provide or coordinate the full scope of services required under the less restrictive alternative order and that has agreed to assume this responsibility.
 - (7) The care coordinator assigned to a person ordered to less restrictive alternative treatment pursuant to a conditional release

order must submit an individualized plan for the person's treatment services to the court that entered the order. An initial plan must be submitted as soon as possible following the intake evaluation and a revised plan must be submitted upon any subsequent modification in which a type of service is removed from or added to the treatment plan.

- (8) A care coordinator may disclose information and records related to mental health treatment under RCW 70.02.230(2)(k) for purposes of implementing less restrictive alternative treatment pursuant to a conditional release order.
- (9) For the purpose of this section, "care coordinator" means a representative from the department of social and health services who coordinates the activities of less restrictive alternative treatment pursuant to a conditional release order. The care coordinator coordinates activities with the person's transition team that are necessary for enforcement and continuation of the conditional release order and is responsible for coordinating service activities with other agencies and establishing and maintaining a therapeutic relationship with the individual on a continuing basis.
- **Sec. 5.** RCW 10.77.060 and 2016 sp.s. c 29 s 408 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) (a) Whenever a defendant has pleaded not guilty by reason of insanity, or there is reason to doubt his or her competency, the court on its own motion or on the motion of any party shall either appoint or request the secretary to designate a qualified expert or professional person, who shall be approved by the prosecuting attorney, to evaluate and report upon the mental condition of the defendant.
 - (b) The signed order of the court shall serve as authority for the evaluator to be given access to all records held by any mental health, medical, educational, or correctional facility that relate to the present or past mental, emotional, or physical condition of the defendant. If the court is advised by any party that the defendant may have a developmental disability, the evaluation must be performed by a developmental disabilities professional.
 - (c) The evaluator shall assess the defendant in a jail, detention facility, in the community, or in court to determine whether a period of inpatient commitment will be necessary to complete an accurate evaluation. If inpatient commitment is needed, the signed order of

the court shall serve as authority for the evaluator to request the jail or detention facility to transport the defendant to a hospital or secure mental health facility for a period of commitment not to exceed fifteen days from the time of admission to the facility. Otherwise, the evaluator shall complete the evaluation.

- (d) The court may commit the defendant for evaluation to a hospital or secure mental health facility without an assessment if: (i) The defendant is charged with murder in the first or second degree; (ii) the court finds that it is more likely than not that an evaluation in the jail will be inadequate to complete an accurate evaluation; or (iii) the court finds that an evaluation outside the jail setting is necessary for the health, safety, or welfare of the defendant. The court shall not order an initial inpatient evaluation for any purpose other than a competency evaluation.
- (e) The order shall indicate whether, in the event the defendant is committed to a hospital or secure mental health facility for evaluation, all parties agree to waive the presence of the defendant or to the defendant's remote participation at a subsequent competency hearing or presentation of an agreed order if the recommendation of the evaluator is for continuation of the stay of criminal proceedings, or if the opinion of the evaluator is that the defendant remains incompetent and there is no remaining restoration period, and the hearing is held prior to the expiration of the authorized commitment period.
- (f) When a defendant is ordered to be ((committed for inpatient evaluation)) evaluated under this subsection (1), or when a party or the court determines at first appearance that an order for evaluation under this subsection will be requested or ordered if charges are pursued, the court may delay granting bail until the defendant has been evaluated for competency or sanity and appears before the court. Following the evaluation, in determining bail the court shall consider: (i) Recommendations of the evaluator regarding the defendant's competency, sanity, or diminished capacity; (ii) whether the defendant has a recent history of one or more violent acts; (iii) whether the defendant has previously been acquitted by reason of insanity or found incompetent; (iv) whether it is reasonably likely the defendant will fail to appear for a future court hearing; and (v) whether the defendant is a threat to public safety.
- (2) The court may direct that a qualified expert or professional person retained by or appointed for the defendant be permitted to

- witness the evaluation authorized by subsection (1) of this section, 1 and that the defendant shall have access to all information obtained 2 by the court appointed experts or professional persons. The 3 defendant's expert or professional person shall have the right to 4 file his or her own report following the guidelines of subsection (3) 5 6 of this section. If the defendant is indigent, the court shall upon 7 the request of the defendant assist him or her in obtaining an expert or professional person. 8
 - (3) The report of the evaluation shall include the following:
 - (a) A description of the nature of the evaluation;

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- (b) A diagnosis or description of the current mental status of the defendant;
- (c) If the defendant suffers from a mental disease or defect, or has a developmental disability, an opinion as to competency;
- (d) If the defendant has indicated his or her intention to rely on the defense of insanity pursuant to RCW 10.77.030, and an evaluation and report by an expert or professional person has been provided concluding that the defendant was criminally insane at the time of the alleged offense, an opinion as to the defendant's sanity at the time of the act, and an opinion as to whether the defendant presents a substantial danger to other persons, or presents a substantial likelihood of committing criminal acts jeopardizing public safety or security, unless kept under further control by the court or other persons or institutions, provided that no opinion shall be rendered under this subsection (3)(d) unless the evaluator or court determines that the defendant is competent to stand trial;
- (e) When directed by the court, if an evaluation and report by an expert or professional person has been provided concluding that the defendant lacked the capacity at the time of the offense to form the mental state necessary to commit the charged offense, an opinion as to the capacity of the defendant to have a particular state of mind which is an element of the offense charged;
- (f) An opinion as to whether the defendant should be evaluated by a designated crisis responder under chapter 71.05 RCW.
- 35 (4) The secretary may execute such agreements as appropriate and 36 necessary to implement this section and may choose to designate more 37 than one evaluator.
- 38 **Sec. 6.** RCW 70.02.230 and 2020 c 256 s 402 are each amended to read as follows:

- 1 (1) ((Except as provided in this section, RCW 70.02.050, 71.05.445, 74.09.295, 70.02.210, 70.02.240, 70.02.250, 70.02.260, and 2 70.02.265, or pursuant to a valid authorization under RCW 70.02.030, 3 the)) The fact of admission to a provider for mental health services 4 and all information and records compiled, obtained, or maintained in 5 6 the course of providing mental health services to either voluntary or 7 involuntary recipients of services at public or private agencies ((must be confidential)) may not be disclosed except as provided in 8 this section, RCW 70.02.050, 71.05.445, 74.09.295, 70.02.210, 9 70.02.240, 70.02.250, 70.02.260, and 70.02.265, or pursuant to a 10 valid authorization under RCW 70.02.030. 11
 - (2) Information and records related to mental health services, other than those obtained through treatment under chapter 71.34 RCW, may be disclosed ((only)):
 - (a) In communications between qualified professional persons to meet the requirements of chapter 71.05 RCW, including Indian health care providers, in the provision of services or appropriate referrals, or in the course of guardianship proceedings if provided to a professional person:
 - (i) Employed by the facility;

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- (ii) Who has medical responsibility for the patient's care;
- (iii) Who is a designated crisis responder;
- 23 (iv) Who is providing services under chapter 71.24 RCW;
- (v) Who is employed by a state or local correctional facility where the person is confined or supervised; or
 - (vi) Who is providing evaluation, treatment, or follow-up services under chapter 10.77 RCW;
 - (b) When the communications regard the special needs of a patient and the necessary circumstances giving rise to such needs and the disclosure is made by a facility providing services to the operator of a facility in which the patient resides or will reside;
 - (c)(i) When the person receiving services, or his or her guardian, designates persons to whom information or records may be released, or if the person is a minor, when his or her parents make such a designation;
- 36 (ii) A public or private agency shall release to a person's next 37 of kin, attorney, personal representative, guardian, or conservator, 38 if any:
- 39 (A) The information that the person is presently a patient in the 40 facility or that the person is seriously physically ill;

(B) A statement evaluating the mental and physical condition of the patient, and a statement of the probable duration of the patient's confinement, if such information is requested by the next of kin, attorney, personal representative, guardian, or conservator; and

- (iii) Other information requested by the next of kin or attorney as may be necessary to decide whether or not proceedings should be instituted to appoint a guardian or conservator;
- (d)(i) To the courts, including tribal courts, as necessary to the administration of chapter 71.05 RCW or to a court ordering an evaluation or treatment under chapter 10.77 RCW solely for the purpose of preventing the entry of any evaluation or treatment order that is inconsistent with any order entered under chapter 71.05 RCW.
- (ii) To a court or its designee in which a motion under chapter 10.77 RCW has been made for involuntary medication of a defendant for the purpose of competency restoration.
- 17 (iii) Disclosure under this subsection is mandatory for the 18 purpose of the federal health insurance portability and 19 accountability act;
 - (e) (i) When a mental health professional or designated crisis responder is requested by a representative of a law enforcement or corrections agency, including a police officer, sheriff, community corrections officer, a municipal attorney, or prosecuting attorney to undertake an investigation or provide treatment under RCW 71.05.150, 10.31.110, or 71.05.153, the mental health professional or designated crisis responder shall, if requested to do so, advise the representative in writing of the results of the investigation including a statement of reasons for the decision to detain or release the person investigated. The written report must be submitted within seventy-two hours of the completion of the investigation or the request from the law enforcement or corrections representative, whichever occurs later.
 - (ii) Disclosure under this subsection is mandatory for the purposes of the federal health insurance portability and accountability act;
 - (f) To the attorney of the detained person;
- 37 (g) To the prosecuting attorney as necessary to carry out the responsibilities of the office under RCW 71.05.330(2), 71.05.340(1)(b), and 71.05.335. The prosecutor must be provided access to records regarding the committed person's treatment and

prognosis, medication, behavior problems, and other records relevant to the issue of whether treatment less restrictive than inpatient treatment is in the best interest of the committed person or others. Information must be disclosed only after giving notice to the committed person and the person's counsel;

- (h) (i) To appropriate law enforcement agencies and to a person, when the identity of the person is known to the public or private agency, whose health and safety has been threatened, or who is known to have been repeatedly harassed, by the patient. The person may designate a representative to receive the disclosure. The disclosure must be made by the professional person in charge of the public or private agency or his or her designee and must include the dates of commitment, admission, discharge, or release, authorized or unauthorized absence from the agency's facility, and only any other information that is pertinent to the threat or harassment. The agency or its employees are not civilly liable for the decision to disclose or not, so long as the decision was reached in good faith and without gross negligence.
- (ii) Disclosure under this subsection is mandatory for the purposes of the federal health insurance portability and accountability act;
- (i)(i) To appropriate corrections and law enforcement agencies all necessary and relevant information in the event of a crisis or emergent situation that poses a significant and imminent risk to the public. The mental health service agency or its employees are not civilly liable for the decision to disclose or not so long as the decision was reached in good faith and without gross negligence.
- (ii) Disclosure under this subsection is mandatory for the purposes of the health insurance portability and accountability act;
- (j) To the persons designated in RCW 71.05.425 for the purposes described in those sections;
- (k) By a care coordinator under RCW 71.05.585 or section 4 of this act assigned to a person ordered to receive less restrictive alternative treatment for the purpose of sharing information to parties necessary for the implementation of proceedings under chapter 71.05 or 10.77 RCW;
- (1) Upon the death of a person. The person's next of kin, personal representative, guardian, or conservator, if any, must be notified. Next of kin who are of legal age and competent must be notified under this section in the following order: Spouse, parents,

children, brothers and sisters, and other relatives according to the degree of relation. Access to all records and information compiled, obtained, or maintained in the course of providing services to a deceased patient are governed by RCW 70.02.140;

- (((1))) <u>(m)</u> To mark headstones or otherwise memorialize patients interred at state hospital cemeteries. The department of social and health services shall make available the name, date of birth, and date of death of patients buried in state hospital cemeteries fifty years after the death of a patient;
- $((\frac{m}{n}))$ <u>(n)</u> To law enforcement officers and to prosecuting 11 attorneys as are necessary to enforce RCW 9.41.040(2)(a)(iv). The 12 extent of information that may be released is limited as follows:
 - (i) Only the fact, place, and date of involuntary commitment, an official copy of any order or orders of commitment, and an official copy of any written or oral notice of ineligibility to possess a firearm that was provided to the person pursuant to RCW 9.41.047(1), must be disclosed upon request;
 - (ii) The law enforcement and prosecuting attorneys may only release the information obtained to the person's attorney as required by court rule and to a jury or judge, if a jury is waived, that presides over any trial at which the person is charged with violating RCW 9.41.040(2)(a)(iv);
- (iii) Disclosure under this subsection is mandatory for the purposes of the federal health insurance portability and accountability act;
 - (((n))) <u>(o)</u> When a patient would otherwise be subject to the provisions of this section and disclosure is necessary for the protection of the patient or others due to his or her unauthorized disappearance from the facility, and his or her whereabouts is unknown, notice of the disappearance, along with relevant information, may be made to relatives, the department of corrections when the person is under the supervision of the department, and governmental law enforcement agencies designated by the physician or psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner in charge of the patient or the professional person in charge of the facility, or his or her professional designee;
- $((\frac{(\bullet)}{(\bullet)}))$ Pursuant to lawful order of a court, including a tribal court;
- $((\frac{p}{p}))$ (q) To qualified staff members of the department, to the authority, to behavioral health administrative services

organizations, to managed care organizations, to resource management services responsible for serving a patient, or to service providers designated by resource management services as necessary to determine the progress and adequacy of treatment and to determine whether the person should be transferred to a less restrictive or more appropriate treatment modality or facility;

- $((\frac{q}{}))$ <u>(r)</u> Within the mental health service agency or Indian health care provider facility where the patient is receiving treatment, confidential information may be disclosed to persons employed, serving in bona fide training programs, or participating in supervised volunteer programs, at the facility when it is necessary to perform their duties;
- $((\frac{r}{r}))$ (s) Within the department and the authority as necessary to coordinate treatment for mental illness, developmental disabilities, alcoholism, or substance use disorder of persons who are under the supervision of the department;
- (((s))) <u>(t)</u> Between the department of social and health services, the department of children, youth, and families, and the health care authority as necessary to coordinate treatment for mental illness, developmental disabilities, alcoholism, or drug abuse of persons who are under the supervision of the department of social and health services or the department of children, youth, and families;
- (((t))) <u>(u)</u> To a licensed physician or psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner who has determined that the life or health of the person is in danger and that treatment without the information and records related to mental health services could be injurious to the patient's health. Disclosure must be limited to the portions of the records necessary to meet the medical emergency;
- $((\frac{(u)}{(u)}))$ (v) (i) Consistent with the requirements of the federal health insurance portability and accountability act, to:
- (A) A health care provider, including an Indian health care provider, who is providing care to a patient, or to whom a patient has been referred for evaluation or treatment; or
- (B) Any other person who is working in a care coordinator role for a health care facility, health care provider, or Indian health care provider, or is under an agreement pursuant to the federal health insurance portability and accountability act with a health care facility or a health care provider and requires the information and records to assure coordinated care and treatment of that patient.

(ii) A person authorized to use or disclose information and records related to mental health services under this subsection (2) ((u)) must take appropriate steps to protect the information and records relating to mental health services.

- (iii) Psychotherapy notes may not be released without authorization of the patient who is the subject of the request for release of information;
- $((\frac{\langle v \rangle}{\langle v \rangle}))$ (w) To administrative and office support staff designated to obtain medical records for those licensed professionals listed in $((\frac{\langle u \rangle}{\langle v \rangle}))$ of this subsection;
- $((\frac{(w)}{(w)}))$ To a facility that is to receive a person who is involuntarily committed under chapter 71.05 RCW, or upon transfer of the person from one evaluation and treatment facility to another. The release of records under this subsection is limited to the information and records related to mental health services required by law, a record or summary of all somatic treatments, and a discharge summary. The discharge summary may include a statement of the patient's problem, the treatment goals, the type of treatment which has been provided, and recommendation for future treatment, but may not include the patient's complete treatment record;
- $((\frac{\langle x \rangle}{\langle x \rangle}))$ To the person's counsel or guardian ad litem, without modification, at any time in order to prepare for involuntary commitment or recommitment proceedings, reexaminations, appeals, or other actions relating to detention, admission, commitment, or patient's rights under chapter 71.05 RCW;
- agency or to staff members of the protection and advocacy agency or to staff members of a private, nonprofit corporation for the purpose of protecting and advocating the rights of persons with mental disorders or developmental disabilities. Resource management services may limit the release of information to the name, birthdate, and county of residence of the patient, information regarding whether the patient was voluntarily admitted, or involuntarily committed, the date and place of admission, placement, or commitment, the name and address of a guardian of the patient, and the date and place of the guardian's appointment. Any staff member who wishes to obtain additional information must notify the patient's resource management services in writing of the request and of the resource management services' right to object. The staff member shall send the notice by mail to the guardian's address. If the guardian does not object in writing within fifteen days after the notice is mailed, the staff

member may obtain the additional information. If the guardian objects in writing within fifteen days after the notice is mailed, the staff member may not obtain the additional information;

 $((\frac{\langle z \rangle}{}))$ (aa) To all current treating providers, including Indian health care providers, of the patient with prescriptive authority who have written a prescription for the patient within the last twelve months. For purposes of coordinating health care, the department or the authority may release without written authorization of the patient, information acquired for billing and collection purposes as described in RCW 70.02.050(1)(d). The department, or the authority, if applicable, shall notify the patient that billing and collection information has been released to named providers, and provide the substance of the information released and the dates of such release. Neither the department nor the authority may release counseling, inpatient psychiatric hospitalization, or drug and alcohol treatment information without a signed written release from the client;

(((aa))) <u>(bb)</u>(i) To the secretary of social and health services and the director of the health care authority for either program evaluation or research, or both so long as the secretary or director, where applicable, adopts rules for the conduct of the evaluation or research, or both. Such rules must include, but need not be limited to, the requirement that all evaluators and researchers sign an oath of confidentiality substantially as follows:

"As a condition of conducting evaluation or research concerning persons who have received services from (fill in the facility, agency, or person) I, , agree not to divulge, publish, or otherwise make known to unauthorized persons or the public any information obtained in the course of such evaluation or research regarding persons who have received services such that the person who received such services is identifiable.

I recognize that unauthorized release of confidential information may subject me to civil liability under the provisions of state law.

33 /s/ "

(ii) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to prohibit the compilation and publication of statistical data for use by government or researchers under standards, including standards to assure maintenance of confidentiality, set forth by the secretary, or director, where applicable;

1 $((\frac{\text{(bb)}}{\text{)}})$ <u>(cc)</u> To any person if the conditions in RCW 70.02.205 2 are met;

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- $((\frac{\text{(cc)}}{\text{)}})$ <u>(dd)</u> To the secretary of health for the purposes of the maternal mortality review panel established in RCW 70.54.450;
- $((\frac{\text{dd}}{\text{dd}}))$ (ee) To a tribe or Indian health care provider to carry out the requirements of RCW 71.05.150(7).
- (3) Whenever federal law or federal regulations restrict the release of information contained in the information and records related to mental health services of any patient who receives treatment for a substance use disorder, the department or the authority may restrict the release of the information as necessary to comply with federal law and regulations.
- (4) Civil liability and immunity for the release of information about a particular person who is committed to the department of social and health services or the authority under RCW 71.05.280(3) and 71.05.320(4)(c) after dismissal of a sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030, is governed by RCW 4.24.550.
- (5) The fact of admission to a provider of mental health services, as well as all records, files, evidence, findings, or orders made, prepared, collected, or maintained pursuant to chapter 71.05 RCW are not admissible as evidence in any legal proceeding outside that chapter without the written authorization of the person who was the subject of the proceeding except as provided in RCW 70.02.260, in a subsequent criminal prosecution of a person committed pursuant to RCW 71.05.280(3) or 71.05.320(4)(c) on charges that were dismissed pursuant to chapter 10.77 RCW due to incompetency to stand trial, in a civil commitment proceeding pursuant to chapter 71.09 RCW, or, in the case of a minor, a quardianship or dependency proceeding. The records and files maintained in any court proceeding pursuant to chapter 71.05 RCW must be confidential and available subsequent to such proceedings only to the person who was the subject of the proceeding or his or her attorney. In addition, the court may order the subsequent release or use of such records or files only upon good cause shown if the court finds that appropriate safeguards for strict confidentiality are and will be maintained.
- (6) (a) Except as provided in RCW 4.24.550, any person may bring an action against an individual who has willfully released confidential information or records concerning him or her in violation of the provisions of this section, for the greater of the following amounts:

1 (i) One thousand dollars; or

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- (ii) Three times the amount of actual damages sustained, if any.
- 3 (b) It is not a prerequisite to recovery under this subsection 4 that the plaintiff suffered or was threatened with special, as 5 contrasted with general, damages.
 - (c) Any person may bring an action to enjoin the release of confidential information or records concerning him or her or his or her ward, in violation of the provisions of this section, and may in the same action seek damages as provided in this subsection.
- 10 (d) The court may award to the plaintiff, should he or she 11 prevail in any action authorized by this subsection, reasonable 12 attorney fees in addition to those otherwise provided by law.
- 13 (e) If an action is brought under this subsection, no action may 14 be brought under RCW 70.02.170.
- 15 **Sec. 7.** RCW 70.02.240 and 2019 c 381 s 20 are each amended to 16 read as follows:
 - The fact of admission and all information and records related to mental health services obtained through inpatient or outpatient treatment of a minor under chapter 71.34 RCW must be kept confidential, except as authorized by this section or under RCW 70.02.050, 70.02.210, 70.02.230, 70.02.250, 70.02.260, and 70.02.265. Confidential information under this section may be disclosed only:
- 23 (1) In communications between mental health professionals to meet 24 the requirements of chapter 71.34 RCW, in the provision of services 25 to the minor, or in making appropriate referrals;
 - (2) In the course of guardianship or dependency proceedings;
 - (3) To the minor, the minor's parent, including those acting as a parent as defined in RCW 71.34.020 for purposes of family-initiated treatment, and the minor's attorney, subject to RCW 13.50.100;
 - (4) To the courts as necessary to administer chapter 71.34 RCW;
- 31 (5) By a care coordinator under RCW 71.34.755 or section 4 of
 32 this act assigned to a person ordered to receive less restrictive
 33 alternative treatment for the purpose of sharing information to
 34 parties necessary for the implementation of proceedings under chapter
 35 71.34 or 10.77 RCW;
- 36 <u>(6)</u> To law enforcement officers or public health officers as 37 necessary to carry out the responsibilities of their office. However, 38 only the fact and date of admission, and the date of discharge, the

name and address of the treatment provider, if any, and the last known address must be disclosed upon request;

(((6))) <u>(7)</u> To law enforcement officers, public health officers, relatives, and other governmental law enforcement agencies, if a minor has escaped from custody, disappeared from an evaluation and treatment facility, violated conditions of a less restrictive treatment order, or failed to return from an authorized leave, and then only such information as may be necessary to provide for public safety or to assist in the apprehension of the minor. The officers are obligated to keep the information confidential in accordance with this chapter;

(((7))) <u>(8)</u> To the secretary of social and health services and the director of the health care authority for assistance in data collection and program evaluation or research so long as the secretary or director, where applicable, adopts rules for the conduct of such evaluation and research. The rules must include, but need not be limited to, the requirement that all evaluators and researchers sign an oath of confidentiality substantially as follows:

"As a condition of conducting evaluation or research concerning persons who have received services from (fill in the facility, agency, or person) I, , agree not to divulge, publish, or otherwise make known to unauthorized persons or the public any information obtained in the course of such evaluation or research regarding minors who have received services in a manner such that the minor is identifiable.

I recognize that unauthorized release of confidential information may subject me to civil liability under state law.

28 /s/ ";

(((8))) <u>(9)</u> To appropriate law enforcement agencies, upon request, all necessary and relevant information in the event of a crisis or emergent situation that poses a significant and imminent risk to the public. The mental health service agency or its employees are not civilly liable for the decision to disclose or not, so long as the decision was reached in good faith and without gross negligence;

((+9))) (10) To appropriate law enforcement agencies and to a person, when the identity of the person is known to the public or private agency, whose health and safety has been threatened, or who is known to have been repeatedly harassed, by the patient. The person

- may designate a representative to receive the disclosure. The disclosure must be made by the professional person in charge of the public or private agency or his or her designee and must include the dates of admission, discharge, authorized or unauthorized absence from the agency's facility, and only any other information that is pertinent to the threat or harassment. The agency or its employees are not civilly liable for the decision to disclose or not, so long as the decision was reached in good faith and without gross negligence;
 - (((10))) (11) To a minor's next of kin, attorney, guardian, or conservator, if any, the information that the minor is presently in the facility or that the minor is seriously physically ill and a statement evaluating the mental and physical condition of the minor as well as a statement of the probable duration of the minor's confinement;

- $((\frac{(11)}{(11)}))$ <u>(12)</u> Upon the death of a minor, to the minor's next of 17 kin;
- $((\frac{(12)}{(12)}))$ To a facility in which the minor resides or will reside;
- $((\frac{(13)}{(14)}))$ To law enforcement officers and to prosecuting 21 attorneys as are necessary to enforce RCW 9.41.040(2)(a)(iv). The 22 extent of information that may be released is limited as follows:
 - (a) Only the fact, place, and date of involuntary commitment, an official copy of any order or orders of commitment, and an official copy of any written or oral notice of ineligibility to possess a firearm that was provided to the person pursuant to RCW 9.41.047(1), must be disclosed upon request;
 - (b) The law enforcement and prosecuting attorneys may only release the information obtained to the person's attorney as required by court rule and to a jury or judge, if a jury is waived, that presides over any trial at which the person is charged with violating RCW 9.41.040(2)(a)(iv);
 - (c) Disclosure under this subsection is mandatory for the purposes of the federal health insurance portability and accountability act;
 - (((14))) <u>(15)</u> This section may not be construed to prohibit the compilation and publication of statistical data for use by government or researchers under standards, including standards to assure maintenance of confidentiality, set forth by the director of the health care authority or the secretary of the department of social

- and health services, where applicable. The fact of admission and all information obtained pursuant to chapter 71.34 RCW are not admissible as evidence in any legal proceeding outside chapter 71.34 RCW, except guardianship or dependency, without the written consent of the minor or the minor's parent;
 - (((15))) <u>(16)</u> For the purpose of a correctional facility participating in the postinstitutional medical assistance system supporting the expedited medical determinations and medical suspensions as provided in RCW 74.09.555 and 74.09.295;
- $((\frac{16}{16}))$ Pursuant to a lawful order of a court.

- **Sec. 8.** RCW 71.24.035 and 2020 c 256 s 202 are each amended to 12 read as follows:
 - (1) The authority is designated as the state behavioral health authority which includes recognition as the single state authority for substance use disorders and state mental health authority.
 - (2) The director shall provide for public, client, tribal, and licensed or certified behavioral health agency participation in developing the state behavioral health program, developing related contracts, and any waiver request to the federal government under medicaid.
 - (3) The director shall provide for participation in developing the state behavioral health program for children and other underserved populations, by including representatives on any committee established to provide oversight to the state behavioral health program.
 - (4) The authority shall be designated as the behavioral health administrative services organization for a regional service area if a behavioral health administrative services organization fails to meet the authority's contracting requirements or refuses to exercise the responsibilities under its contract or state law, until such time as a new behavioral health administrative services organization is designated.
 - (5) The director shall:
- 34 (a) Assure that any behavioral health administrative services 35 organization, managed care organization, or community behavioral 36 health program provides medically necessary services to medicaid 37 recipients consistent with the state's medicaid state plan or federal 38 waiver authorities, and nonmedicaid services consistent with 39 priorities established by the authority;

(b) Develop contracts in a manner to ensure an adequate network of inpatient services, evaluation and treatment services, and facilities under chapter 71.05 RCW to ensure access to treatment, resource management services, and community support services;

- (c) Make contracts necessary or incidental to the performance of its duties and the execution of its powers, including managed care contracts for behavioral health services, contracts entered into under RCW 74.09.522, and contracts with public and private agencies, organizations, and individuals to pay them for behavioral health services;
- (d) Define administrative costs and ensure that the behavioral health administrative services organization does not exceed an administrative cost of ten percent of available funds;
- (e) Establish, to the extent possible, a standardized auditing procedure which is designed to assure compliance with contractual agreements authorized by this chapter and minimizes paperwork requirements. The audit procedure shall focus on the outcomes of service as provided in RCW 71.24.435, 70.320.020, and 71.36.025;
- (f) Develop and maintain an information system to be used by the state and behavioral health administrative services organizations and managed care organizations that includes a tracking method which allows the authority to identify behavioral health clients' participation in any behavioral health service or public program on an immediate basis. The information system shall not include individual patient's case history files. Confidentiality of client information and records shall be maintained as provided in this chapter and chapter 70.02 RCW;
- (g) Monitor and audit behavioral health administrative services organizations as needed to assure compliance with contractual agreements authorized by this chapter;
- (h) Monitor and audit access to behavioral health services for individuals eligible for medicaid who are not enrolled in a managed care organization;
- (i) Adopt such rules as are necessary to implement the authority's responsibilities under this chapter;
- (j) Administer or supervise the administration of the provisions relating to persons with substance use disorders and intoxicated persons of any state plan submitted for federal funding pursuant to federal health, welfare, or treatment legislation;

(k) Require the behavioral health administrative services organizations and the managed care organizations to develop agreements with tribal, city, and county jails and the department of corrections to accept referrals for enrollment on behalf of a confined person, prior to the person's release;

- (1) Require behavioral health administrative services organizations and managed care organizations, as applicable, to provide services as identified in RCW 71.05.585 and section 4 of this act to individuals committed for involuntary ((commitment)) treatment under less restrictive alternative court orders when:
 - (i) The individual is enrolled in the medicaid program; or
- (ii) The individual is not enrolled in medicaid, does not have other insurance which can pay for the services, and the behavioral health administrative services organization has adequate available resources to provide the services; and
- (m) Coordinate with the centers for medicare and medicaid services to provide that behavioral health aide services are eligible for federal funding of up to one hundred percent.
- (6) The director shall use available resources only for behavioral health administrative services organizations and managed care organizations, except:
- (a) To the extent authorized, and in accordance with any priorities or conditions specified, in the biennial appropriations act; or
- (b) To incentivize improved performance with respect to the client outcomes established in RCW 71.24.435, 70.320.020, and 71.36.025, integration of behavioral health and medical services at the clinical level, and improved care coordination for individuals with complex care needs.
- (7) Each behavioral health administrative services organization, managed care organization, and licensed or certified behavioral health agency shall file with the secretary of the department of health or the director, on request, such data, statistics, schedules, and information as the secretary of the department of health or the director reasonably requires. A behavioral health administrative services organization, managed care organization, or licensed or certified behavioral health agency which, without good cause, fails to furnish any data, statistics, schedules, or information as requested, or files fraudulent reports thereof, may be subject to the

- contractual remedies in RCW 74.09.871 or may have its service provider certification or license revoked or suspended.
- (8) The superior court may restrain any behavioral health administrative services organization, managed care organization, or service provider from operating without a contract, certification, or a license or any other violation of this section. The court may also review, pursuant to procedures contained in chapter 34.05 RCW, any denial, suspension, limitation, restriction, or revocation of certification or license, and grant other relief required to enforce the provisions of this chapter.
- (9) Upon petition by the secretary of the department of health or the director, and after hearing held upon reasonable notice to the facility, the superior court may issue a warrant to an officer or employee of the secretary of the department of health or the director authorizing him or her to enter at reasonable times, and examine the records, books, and accounts of any behavioral health administrative services organization, managed care organization, or service provider refusing to consent to inspection or examination by the authority.
- (10) Notwithstanding the existence or pursuit of any other remedy, the secretary of the department of health or the director may file an action for an injunction or other process against any person or governmental unit to restrain or prevent the establishment, conduct, or operation of a behavioral health administrative services organization, managed care organization, or service provider without a contract, certification, or a license under this chapter.
- (11) The authority shall distribute appropriated state and federal funds in accordance with any priorities, terms, or conditions specified in the appropriations act.
- (12) The authority, in cooperation with the state congressional delegation, shall actively seek waivers of federal requirements and such modifications of federal regulations as are necessary to allow federal medicaid reimbursement for services provided by freestanding evaluation and treatment facilities licensed under chapter 71.12 RCW or certified under chapter 71.05 RCW. The authority shall periodically share the results of its efforts with the appropriate committees of the senate and the house of representatives.
 - (13) The authority may:

38 (a) Plan, establish, and maintain substance use disorder 39 prevention and substance use disorder treatment programs as necessary 40 or desirable;

- (b) Coordinate its activities and cooperate with behavioral programs in this and other states, and make contracts and other joint or cooperative arrangements with state, tribal, local, or private agencies in this and other states for behavioral health services and for the common advancement of substance use disorder programs;
- (c) Solicit and accept for use any gift of money or property made by will or otherwise, and any grant of money, services, or property from the federal government, the state, or any political subdivision thereof or any private source, and do all things necessary to cooperate with the federal government or any of its agencies in making an application for any grant;
- 12 (d) Keep records and engage in research and the gathering of 13 relevant statistics; and
- 14 (e) Acquire, hold, or dispose of real property or any interest 15 therein, and construct, lease, or otherwise provide substance use 16 disorder treatment programs.
- 17 **Sec. 9.** RCW 10.77.010 and 2019 c 325 s 5005 are each amended to 18 read as follows:

19 As used in this chapter:

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- 20 (1) "Admission" means acceptance based on medical necessity, of a 21 person as a patient.
 - (2) "Commitment" means the determination by a court that a person should be detained for a period of either evaluation or treatment, or both, in an inpatient or a less-restrictive setting.
 - (3) "Conditional release" means modification of a court-ordered commitment, which may be revoked upon violation of any of its terms.
 - (4) A "criminally insane" person means any person who has been acquitted of a crime charged by reason of insanity, and thereupon found to be a substantial danger to other persons or to present a substantial likelihood of committing criminal acts jeopardizing public safety or security unless kept under further control by the court or other persons or institutions.
- 33 (5) "Department" means the state department of social and health services.
- 35 (6) "Designated crisis responder" has the same meaning as 36 provided in RCW 71.05.020.
- 37 (7) "Detention" or "detain" means the lawful confinement of a 38 person, under the provisions of this chapter, pending evaluation.

(8) "Developmental disabilities professional" means a person who has specialized training and three years of experience in directly treating or working with persons with developmental disabilities and is a psychiatrist or psychologist, or a social worker, and such other developmental disabilities professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary.

- (9) "Developmental disability" means the condition as defined in RCW 71A.10.020(5).
- (10) "Discharge" means the termination of hospital medical authority. The commitment may remain in place, be terminated, or be amended by court order.
- (11) "Furlough" means an authorized leave of absence for a resident of a state institution operated by the department designated for the custody, care, and treatment of the criminally insane, consistent with an order of conditional release from the court under this chapter, without any requirement that the resident be accompanied by, or be in the custody of, any law enforcement or institutional staff, while on such unescorted leave.
- (12) "Habilitative services" means those services provided by program personnel to assist persons in acquiring and maintaining life skills and in raising their levels of physical, mental, social, and vocational functioning. Habilitative services include education, training for employment, and therapy. The habilitative process shall be undertaken with recognition of the risk to the public safety presented by the person being assisted as manifested by prior charged criminal conduct.
- (13) "History of one or more violent acts" means violent acts committed during: (a) The ten-year period of time prior to the filing of criminal charges; plus (b) the amount of time equal to time spent during the ten-year period in a mental health facility or in confinement as a result of a criminal conviction.
- (14) "Immediate family member" means a spouse, child, stepchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, sibling, or domestic partner.
- (15) "Incompetency" means a person lacks the capacity to understand the nature of the proceedings against him or her or to assist in his or her own defense as a result of mental disease or defect.
- 38 (16) "Indigent" means any person who is financially unable to 39 obtain counsel or other necessary expert or professional services

- 1 without causing substantial hardship to the person or his or her 2 family.
 - (17) "Individualized service plan" means a plan prepared by a developmental disabilities professional with other professionals as a team, for an individual with developmental disabilities, which shall state:
- 7 (a) The nature of the person's specific problems, prior charged 8 criminal behavior, and habilitation needs;
- 9 (b) The conditions and strategies necessary to achieve the 10 purposes of habilitation;
- 11 (c) The intermediate and long-range goals of the habilitation 12 program, with a projected timetable for the attainment;
- 13 (d) The rationale for using this plan of habilitation to achieve 14 those intermediate and long-range goals;
 - (e) The staff responsible for carrying out the plan;
 - (f) Where relevant in light of past criminal behavior and due consideration for public safety, the criteria for proposed movement to less-restrictive settings, criteria for proposed eventual release, and a projected possible date for release; and
- 20 (g) The type of residence immediately anticipated for the person 21 and possible future types of residences.
 - (18) "Professional person" means:

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- (a) A psychiatrist licensed as a physician and surgeon in this state who has, in addition, completed three years of graduate training in psychiatry in a program approved by the American medical association or the American osteopathic association and is certified or eligible to be certified by the American board of psychiatry and neurology or the American osteopathic board of neurology and psychiatry;
- 30 (b) A psychologist licensed as a psychologist pursuant to chapter 31 18.83 RCW; or
- 32 (c) A social worker with a master's or further advanced degree 33 from a social work educational program accredited and approved as 34 provided in RCW 18.320.010.
- 35 (19) "Release" means legal termination of the court-ordered 36 commitment under the provisions of this chapter.
- 37 (20) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of social 38 and health services or his or her designee.
- 39 (21) "Treatment" means any currently standardized medical or 40 mental health procedure including medication.

(22) "Treatment records" include registration and all other records concerning persons who are receiving or who at any time have received services for mental illness, which are maintained by the department, by behavioral health administrative services organizations and their staffs, by managed care organizations and their staffs, and by treatment facilities. Treatment records do not include notes or records maintained for personal use by a person providing treatment services for the department, behavioral health administrative services organizations, managed care organizations, or a treatment facility if the notes or records are not available to others.

- (23) "Violent act" means behavior that: (a) (i) Resulted in; (ii) if completed as intended would have resulted in; or (iii) was threatened to be carried out by a person who had the intent and opportunity to carry out the threat and would have resulted in, homicide, nonfatal injuries, or substantial damage to property; or (b) recklessly creates an immediate risk of serious physical injury to another person. As used in this subsection, "nonfatal injuries" means physical pain or injury, illness, or an impairment of physical condition. "Nonfatal injuries" shall be construed to be consistent with the definition of "bodily injury," as defined in RCW 9A.04.110.
- 22 (24) "Community behavioral health agency" has the same meaning as
 23 "licensed or certified behavioral health agency" defined in RCW
 24 71.24.025.
- **Sec. 10.** RCW 10.77.195 and 2010 c 263 s 9 are each amended to 26 read as follows:

For persons who have received court approval for conditional release, the secretary or the secretary's designee shall supervise the person's compliance with the court-ordered conditions of release in coordination with the multidisciplinary transition team appointed under RCW 10.77.150. The level of supervision provided by the secretary shall correspond to the level of the person's public safety risk. In undertaking supervision of persons under this section, the secretary shall coordinate with any treatment providers ((designated pursuant to RCW 10.77.150(3), any)) or department of corrections staff designated pursuant to RCW 10.77.150(((2))), and local law enforcement, if appropriate. The secretary shall adopt rules to implement this section.

1 Sec. 11. RCW 71.05.020 and 2020 c 302 s 3, 2020 c 256 s 301, and 2020 c 5 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows: 2

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The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (1) "Admission" or "admit" means a decision by a physician, physician assistant, or psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner that a person should be examined or treated as a patient in a hospital;
- (2) "Alcoholism" means a disease, characterized by a dependency alcoholic beverages, loss of control over the amount and circumstances of use, symptoms of tolerance, physiological psychological withdrawal, or both, if use is reduced or discontinued, and impairment of health or disruption of social or economic functioning;
- (3) "Antipsychotic medications" means that class of drugs primarily used to treat serious manifestations of mental illness associated with thought disorders, which includes, but is not limited to atypical antipsychotic medications;
- (4) "Approved substance use disorder treatment program" means a program for persons with a substance use disorder provided by a treatment program certified by the department as meeting standards adopted under chapter 71.24 RCW;
- (5) "Attending staff" means any person on the staff of a public or private agency having responsibility for the care and treatment of a patient;
 - (6) "Authority" means the Washington state health care authority;
- (7) "Behavioral health disorder" means either a mental disorder as defined in this section, a substance use disorder as defined in this section, or a co-occurring mental disorder and substance use disorder;
- 31 (8) "Behavioral health service provider" means a public or private agency that provides mental health, substance use disorder, 32 or co-occurring disorder services to persons with behavioral health 33 disorders as defined under this section and receives funding from 34 public sources. This includes, but is not limited to, hospitals 35 licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW, evaluation and treatment facilities 36 as defined in this section, community mental health service delivery 37 systems or community behavioral health programs as defined in RCW 38 39 71.24.025, facilities conducting competency evaluations restoration under chapter 10.77 RCW, approved substance use disorder

treatment programs as defined in this section, secure withdrawal management and stabilization facilities as defined in this section, and correctional facilities operated by state and local governments;

- (9) "Co-occurring disorder specialist" means an individual possessing an enhancement granted by the department of health under chapter 18.205 RCW that certifies the individual to provide substance use disorder counseling subject to the practice limitations under RCW 18.205.105;
- (10) "Commitment" means the determination by a court that a person should be detained for a period of either evaluation or treatment, or both, in an inpatient or a less restrictive setting;
- (11) "Conditional release" means a revocable modification of a commitment, which may be revoked upon violation of any of its terms;
- (12) "Crisis stabilization unit" means a short-term facility or a portion of a facility licensed or certified by the department, such as an evaluation and treatment facility or a hospital, which has been designed to assess, diagnose, and treat individuals experiencing an acute crisis without the use of long-term hospitalization;
- (13) "Custody" means involuntary detention under the provisions of this chapter or chapter 10.77 RCW, uninterrupted by any period of unconditional release from commitment from a facility providing involuntary care and treatment;
 - (14) "Department" means the department of health;
- (15) "Designated crisis responder" means a mental health professional appointed by the county, by an entity appointed by the county, or by the authority in consultation with a federally recognized Indian tribe or after meeting and conferring with an Indian health care provider, to perform the duties specified in this chapter;
- (16) "Detention" or "detain" means the lawful confinement of a person, under the provisions of this chapter;
- (17) "Developmental disabilities professional" means a person who has specialized training and three years of experience in directly treating or working with persons with developmental disabilities and is a psychiatrist, physician assistant working with a supervising psychiatrist, psychologist, psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner, or social worker, and such other developmental disabilities professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary of the department of social and health services;

- 1 (18) "Developmental disability" means that condition defined in 2 RCW 71A.10.020(5);
 - (19) "Director" means the director of the authority;

- (20) "Discharge" means the termination of hospital medical authority. The commitment may remain in place, be terminated, or be amended by court order;
- (21) "Drug addiction" means a disease, characterized by a dependency on psychoactive chemicals, loss of control over the amount and circumstances of use, symptoms of tolerance, physiological or psychological withdrawal, or both, if use is reduced or discontinued, and impairment of health or disruption of social or economic functioning;
- (22) "Evaluation and treatment facility" means any facility which can provide directly, or by direct arrangement with other public or private agencies, emergency evaluation and treatment, outpatient care, and timely and appropriate inpatient care to persons suffering from a mental disorder, and which is licensed or certified as such by the department. The authority may certify single beds as temporary evaluation and treatment beds under RCW 71.05.745. A physically separate and separately operated portion of a state hospital may be designated as an evaluation and treatment facility. A facility which is part of, or operated by, the department of social and health services or any federal agency will not require certification. No correctional institution or facility, or jail, shall be an evaluation and treatment facility within the meaning of this chapter;
- (23) "Gravely disabled" means a condition in which a person, as a result of a behavioral health disorder: (a) Is in danger of serious physical harm resulting from a failure to provide for his or her essential human needs of health or safety; or (b) manifests severe deterioration in routine functioning evidenced by repeated and escalating loss of cognitive or volitional control over his or her actions and is not receiving such care as is essential for his or her health or safety;
- (24) "Habilitative services" means those services provided by program personnel to assist persons in acquiring and maintaining life skills and in raising their levels of physical, mental, social, and vocational functioning. Habilitative services include education, training for employment, and therapy. The habilitative process shall be undertaken with recognition of the risk to the public safety

presented by the person being assisted as manifested by prior charged criminal conduct;

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- (25) "Hearing" means any proceeding conducted in open court that conforms to the requirements of RCW 71.05.820;
- (26) "History of one or more violent acts" refers to the period of time ten years prior to the filing of a petition under this chapter, excluding any time spent, but not any violent acts committed, in a behavioral health facility, or in confinement as a result of a criminal conviction;
- 10 (27) "Imminent" means the state or condition of being likely to 11 occur at any moment or near at hand, rather than distant or remote;
 - (28) "In need of assisted outpatient behavioral health treatment" means that a person, as a result of a behavioral health disorder: (a) Has been committed by a court to detention for involuntary behavioral health treatment during the preceding thirty-six months; (b) is unlikely to voluntarily participate in outpatient treatment without an order for less restrictive alternative treatment, based on a history of nonadherence with treatment or in view of the person's current behavior; (c) is likely to benefit from less restrictive alternative treatment; and (d) requires less restrictive alternative treatment to prevent a relapse, decompensation, or deterioration that is likely to result in the person presenting a likelihood of serious harm or the person becoming gravely disabled within a reasonably short period of time;
 - (29) "Individualized service plan" means a plan prepared by a developmental disabilities professional with other professionals as a team, for a person with developmental disabilities, which shall state:
- 29 (a) The nature of the person's specific problems, prior charged 30 criminal behavior, and habilitation needs;
- 31 (b) The conditions and strategies necessary to achieve the 32 purposes of habilitation;
 - (c) The intermediate and long-range goals of the habilitation program, with a projected timetable for the attainment;
 - (d) The rationale for using this plan of habilitation to achieve those intermediate and long-range goals;
 - (e) The staff responsible for carrying out the plan;
- 38 (f) Where relevant in light of past criminal behavior and due 39 consideration for public safety, the criteria for proposed movement 40 to less-restrictive settings, criteria for proposed eventual

- discharge or release, and a projected possible date for discharge or release; and
 - (g) The type of residence immediately anticipated for the person and possible future types of residences;
 - (30) "Intoxicated person" means a person whose mental or physical functioning is substantially impaired as a result of the use of alcohol or other psychoactive chemicals;
- 8 (31) "Judicial commitment" means a commitment by a court pursuant 9 to the provisions of this chapter;
 - (32) "Legal counsel" means attorneys and staff employed by county prosecutor offices or the state attorney general acting in their capacity as legal representatives of public behavioral health service providers under RCW 71.05.130;
 - (33) "Less restrictive alternative treatment" means a program of individualized treatment in a less restrictive setting than inpatient treatment that includes the services described in RCW 71.05.585;
 - (34) "Licensed physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine and surgery in the state of Washington;
 - (35) "Likelihood of serious harm" means:

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- (a) A substantial risk that: (i) Physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon his or her own person, as evidenced by threats or attempts to commit suicide or inflict physical harm on oneself; (ii) physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon another, as evidenced by behavior which has caused such harm or which places another person or persons in reasonable fear of sustaining such harm; or (iii) physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon the property of others, as evidenced by behavior which has caused substantial loss or damage to the property of others; or
- 30 (b) The person has threatened the physical safety of another and 31 has a history of one or more violent acts;
 - (36) "Medical clearance" means a physician or other health care provider has determined that a person is medically stable and ready for referral to the designated crisis responder;
 - (37) "Mental disorder" means any organic, mental, or emotional impairment which has substantial adverse effects on a person's cognitive or volitional functions;
- 38 (38) "Mental health professional" means a psychiatrist, 39 psychologist, physician assistant working with a supervising 40 psychiatrist, psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner,

psychiatric nurse, or social worker, and such other mental health professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;

- (39) "Peace officer" means a law enforcement official of a public agency or governmental unit, and includes persons specifically given peace officer powers by any state law, local ordinance, or judicial order of appointment;
- (40) "Physician assistant" means a person licensed as a physician assistant under chapter 18.57A or 18.71A RCW;
- (41) "Private agency" means any person, partnership, corporation, or association that is not a public agency, whether or not financed in whole or in part by public funds, which constitutes an evaluation and treatment facility or private institution, or hospital, or approved substance use disorder treatment program, which is conducted for, or includes a department or ward conducted for, the care and treatment of persons with behavioral health disorders;
- (42) "Professional person" means a mental health professional, substance use disorder professional, or designated crisis responder and shall also mean a physician, physician assistant, psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner, registered nurse, and such others as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;
- (43) "Psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner" means a person who is licensed as an advanced registered nurse practitioner pursuant to chapter 18.79 RCW; and who is board certified in advanced practice psychiatric and mental health nursing;
- (44) "Psychiatrist" means a person having a license as a physician and surgeon in this state who has in addition completed three years of graduate training in psychiatry in a program approved by the American medical association or the American osteopathic association and is certified or eligible to be certified by the American board of psychiatry and neurology;
- (45) "Psychologist" means a person who has been licensed as a psychologist pursuant to chapter 18.83 RCW;
- 35 (46) "Public agency" means any evaluation and treatment facility 36 or institution, secure withdrawal management and stabilization 37 facility, approved substance use disorder treatment program, or 38 hospital which is conducted for, or includes a department or ward 39 conducted for, the care and treatment of persons with behavioral 40 health disorders, if the agency is operated directly by federal,

- 1 state, county, or municipal government, or a combination of such 2 governments;
- 3 (47) "Release" means legal termination of the commitment under 4 the provisions of this chapter;
- 5 (48) "Resource management services" has the meaning given in 6 chapter 71.24 RCW;
- 7 (49) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of health, 8 or his or her designee;
 - (50) "Secure withdrawal management and stabilization facility" means a facility operated by either a public or private agency or by the program of an agency which provides care to voluntary individuals and individuals involuntarily detained and committed under this chapter for whom there is a likelihood of serious harm or who are gravely disabled due to the presence of a substance use disorder. Secure withdrawal management and stabilization facilities must:
 - (a) Provide the following services:

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- (i) Assessment and treatment, provided by certified substance use disorder professionals or co-occurring disorder specialists;
 - (ii) Clinical stabilization services;
- 20 (iii) Acute or subacute detoxification services for intoxicated 21 individuals; and
 - (iv) Discharge assistance provided by certified substance use disorder professionals or co-occurring disorder specialists, including facilitating transitions to appropriate voluntary or involuntary inpatient services or to less restrictive alternatives as appropriate for the individual;
 - (b) Include security measures sufficient to protect the patients, staff, and community; and
 - (c) Be licensed or certified as such by the department of health;
 - (51) "Social worker" means a person with a master's or further advanced degree from a social work educational program accredited and approved as provided in RCW 18.320.010;
 - (52) "Substance use disorder" means a cluster of cognitive, behavioral, and physiological symptoms indicating that an individual continues using the substance despite significant substance-related problems. The diagnosis of a substance use disorder is based on a pathological pattern of behaviors related to the use of the substances;

(53) "Substance use disorder professional" means a person certified as a substance use disorder professional by the department of health under chapter 18.205 RCW;

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- (54) "Therapeutic court personnel" means the staff of a mental health court or other therapeutic court which has jurisdiction over defendants who are dually diagnosed with mental disorders, including court personnel, probation officers, a court monitor, prosecuting attorney, or defense counsel acting within the scope of therapeutic court duties;
- (55) "Treatment records" include registration and all other records concerning persons who are receiving or who at any time have received services for behavioral health disorders, which are maintained by the department of social and health services, the department, the authority, behavioral health administrative services organizations and their staffs, managed care organizations and their staffs, and by treatment facilities. Treatment records include mental health information contained in a medical bill including but not limited to mental health drugs, a mental health diagnosis, provider name, and dates of service stemming from a medical service. Treatment records do not include notes or records maintained for personal use by a person providing treatment services for the department of social and health services, the department, the authority, behavioral health administrative services organizations, managed care organizations, or a treatment facility if the notes or records are not available to others;
- (56) "Triage facility" means a short-term facility or a portion of a facility licensed or certified by the department, which is designed as a facility to assess and stabilize an individual or determine the need for involuntary commitment of an individual, and must meet department residential treatment facility standards. A triage facility may be structured as a voluntary or involuntary placement facility;
- (57) "Video," unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, means the delivery of behavioral health services through the use of interactive audio and video technology, permitting real-time communication between a person and a designated crisis responder, for the purpose of evaluation. "Video" does not include the use of audio-only telephone, facsimile, email, or store and forward technology. "Store and forward technology" means use of an asynchronous transmission of a person's medical information from a mental health

service provider to the designated crisis responder which results in medical diagnosis, consultation, or treatment;

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- (58) "Violent act" means behavior that resulted in homicide, attempted suicide, injury, or substantial loss or damage to property;
- 5 (59) "Written order of apprehension" means an order of the court 6 for a peace officer to deliver the named person in the order to a 7 facility or emergency room as determined by the designated crisis 8 responder. Such orders shall be entered into the Washington crime 9 information center database.
- 10 (60) "Community behavioral health agency" has the same meaning as
 11 "licensed or certified behavioral health agency" defined in RCW
 12 71.24.025.
- Sec. 12. RCW 71.05.020 and 2020 c 302 s 3, 2020 c 256 s 301, 2020 c 80 s 51, and 2020 c 5 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
 - (1) "Admission" or "admit" means a decision by a physician, physician assistant, or psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner that a person should be examined or treated as a patient in a hospital;
 - (2) "Alcoholism" means a disease, characterized by a dependency on alcoholic beverages, loss of control over the amount and circumstances of use, symptoms of tolerance, physiological or psychological withdrawal, or both, if use is reduced or discontinued, and impairment of health or disruption of social or economic functioning;
 - (3) "Antipsychotic medications" means that class of drugs primarily used to treat serious manifestations of mental illness associated with thought disorders, which includes, but is not limited to atypical antipsychotic medications;
 - (4) "Approved substance use disorder treatment program" means a program for persons with a substance use disorder provided by a treatment program certified by the department as meeting standards adopted under chapter 71.24 RCW;
- 36 (5) "Attending staff" means any person on the staff of a public 37 or private agency having responsibility for the care and treatment of 38 a patient;
- 39 (6) "Authority" means the Washington state health care authority;

(7) "Behavioral health disorder" means either a mental disorder as defined in this section, a substance use disorder as defined in this section, or a co-occurring mental disorder and substance use disorder;

- (8) "Behavioral health service provider" means a public or private agency that provides mental health, substance use disorder, or co-occurring disorder services to persons with behavioral health disorders as defined under this section and receives funding from public sources. This includes, but is not limited to, hospitals licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW, evaluation and treatment facilities as defined in this section, community mental health service delivery systems or community behavioral health programs as defined in RCW 71.24.025, facilities conducting competency evaluations and restoration under chapter 10.77 RCW, approved substance use disorder treatment programs as defined in this section, secure withdrawal management and stabilization facilities as defined in this section, and correctional facilities operated by state and local governments;
 - (9) "Co-occurring disorder specialist" means an individual possessing an enhancement granted by the department of health under chapter 18.205 RCW that certifies the individual to provide substance use disorder counseling subject to the practice limitations under RCW 18.205.105;
 - (10) "Commitment" means the determination by a court that a person should be detained for a period of either evaluation or treatment, or both, in an inpatient or a less restrictive setting;
 - (11) "Conditional release" means a revocable modification of a commitment, which may be revoked upon violation of any of its terms;
 - (12) "Crisis stabilization unit" means a short-term facility or a portion of a facility licensed or certified by the department, such as an evaluation and treatment facility or a hospital, which has been designed to assess, diagnose, and treat individuals experiencing an acute crisis without the use of long-term hospitalization;
 - (13) "Custody" means involuntary detention under the provisions of this chapter or chapter 10.77 RCW, uninterrupted by any period of unconditional release from commitment from a facility providing involuntary care and treatment;
 - (14) "Department" means the department of health;
- 38 (15) "Designated crisis responder" means a mental health 39 professional appointed by the county, by an entity appointed by the 40 county, or by the authority in consultation with a federally

recognized Indian tribe or after meeting and conferring with an Indian health care provider, to perform the duties specified in this chapter;

- (16) "Detention" or "detain" means the lawful confinement of a person, under the provisions of this chapter;
- (17) "Developmental disabilities professional" means a person who has specialized training and three years of experience in directly treating or working with persons with developmental disabilities and is a psychiatrist, physician assistant working with a supervising psychiatrist, psychologist, psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner, or social worker, and such other developmental disabilities professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary of the department of social and health services;
- 14 (18) "Developmental disability" means that condition defined in 15 RCW 71A.10.020(5);
 - (19) "Director" means the director of the authority;
 - (20) "Discharge" means the termination of hospital medical authority. The commitment may remain in place, be terminated, or be amended by court order;
 - (21) "Drug addiction" means a disease, characterized by a dependency on psychoactive chemicals, loss of control over the amount and circumstances of use, symptoms of tolerance, physiological or psychological withdrawal, or both, if use is reduced or discontinued, and impairment of health or disruption of social or economic functioning;
 - (22) "Evaluation and treatment facility" means any facility which can provide directly, or by direct arrangement with other public or private agencies, emergency evaluation and treatment, outpatient care, and timely and appropriate inpatient care to persons suffering from a mental disorder, and which is licensed or certified as such by the department. The authority may certify single beds as temporary evaluation and treatment beds under RCW 71.05.745. A physically separate and separately operated portion of a state hospital may be designated as an evaluation and treatment facility. A facility which is part of, or operated by, the department of social and health services or any federal agency will not require certification. No correctional institution or facility, or jail, shall be an evaluation and treatment facility within the meaning of this chapter;
 - (23) "Gravely disabled" means a condition in which a person, as a result of a behavioral health disorder: (a) Is in danger of serious

physical harm resulting from a failure to provide for his or her essential human needs of health or safety; or (b) manifests severe deterioration in routine functioning evidenced by repeated and escalating loss of cognitive or volitional control over his or her actions and is not receiving such care as is essential for his or her health or safety;

- (24) "Habilitative services" means those services provided by program personnel to assist persons in acquiring and maintaining life skills and in raising their levels of physical, mental, social, and vocational functioning. Habilitative services include education, training for employment, and therapy. The habilitative process shall be undertaken with recognition of the risk to the public safety presented by the person being assisted as manifested by prior charged criminal conduct;
- 15 (25) "Hearing" means any proceeding conducted in open court that 16 conforms to the requirements of RCW 71.05.820;
 - (26) "History of one or more violent acts" refers to the period of time ten years prior to the filing of a petition under this chapter, excluding any time spent, but not any violent acts committed, in a behavioral health facility, or in confinement as a result of a criminal conviction;
 - (27) "Imminent" means the state or condition of being likely to occur at any moment or near at hand, rather than distant or remote;
 - (28) "In need of assisted outpatient behavioral health treatment" means that a person, as a result of a behavioral health disorder: (a) Has been committed by a court to detention for involuntary behavioral health treatment during the preceding thirty-six months; (b) is unlikely to voluntarily participate in outpatient treatment without an order for less restrictive alternative treatment, based on a history of nonadherence with treatment or in view of the person's current behavior; (c) is likely to benefit from less restrictive alternative treatment; and (d) requires less restrictive alternative treatment to prevent a relapse, decompensation, or deterioration that is likely to result in the person presenting a likelihood of serious harm or the person becoming gravely disabled within a reasonably short period of time;
 - (29) "Individualized service plan" means a plan prepared by a developmental disabilities professional with other professionals as a team, for a person with developmental disabilities, which shall state:

- 1 (a) The nature of the person's specific problems, prior charged 2 criminal behavior, and habilitation needs;
 - (b) The conditions and strategies necessary to achieve the purposes of habilitation;
 - (c) The intermediate and long-range goals of the habilitation program, with a projected timetable for the attainment;
 - (d) The rationale for using this plan of habilitation to achieve those intermediate and long-range goals;
 - (e) The staff responsible for carrying out the plan;

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- (f) Where relevant in light of past criminal behavior and due consideration for public safety, the criteria for proposed movement to less-restrictive settings, criteria for proposed eventual discharge or release, and a projected possible date for discharge or release; and
- 15 (g) The type of residence immediately anticipated for the person 16 and possible future types of residences;
 - (30) "Intoxicated person" means a person whose mental or physical functioning is substantially impaired as a result of the use of alcohol or other psychoactive chemicals;
 - (31) "Judicial commitment" means a commitment by a court pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;
 - (32) "Legal counsel" means attorneys and staff employed by county prosecutor offices or the state attorney general acting in their capacity as legal representatives of public behavioral health service providers under RCW 71.05.130;
 - (33) "Less restrictive alternative treatment" means a program of individualized treatment in a less restrictive setting than inpatient treatment that includes the services described in RCW 71.05.585;
 - (34) "Licensed physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine and surgery in the state of Washington;
 - (35) "Likelihood of serious harm" means:
- 33 (a) A substantial risk that: (i) Physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon his or her own person, as evidenced by threats or attempts to commit suicide or inflict physical harm on oneself; (ii) 36 physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon another, as evidenced by behavior which has caused such harm or which places another person or persons in reasonable fear of sustaining such harm; or (iii) physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon the

1 property of others, as evidenced by behavior which has caused 2 substantial loss or damage to the property of others; or

- (b) The person has threatened the physical safety of another and has a history of one or more violent acts;
- (36) "Medical clearance" means a physician or other health care provider has determined that a person is medically stable and ready for referral to the designated crisis responder;
- (37) "Mental disorder" means any organic, mental, or emotional impairment which has substantial adverse effects on a person's cognitive or volitional functions;
- (38) "Mental health professional" means a psychiatrist, psychologist, physician assistant working with a supervising psychiatrist, psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner, psychiatric nurse, or social worker, and such other mental health professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;
- (39) "Peace officer" means a law enforcement official of a public agency or governmental unit, and includes persons specifically given peace officer powers by any state law, local ordinance, or judicial order of appointment;
- (40) "Physician assistant" means a person licensed as a physician assistant under chapter 18.71A RCW;
- (41) "Private agency" means any person, partnership, corporation, or association that is not a public agency, whether or not financed in whole or in part by public funds, which constitutes an evaluation and treatment facility or private institution, or hospital, or approved substance use disorder treatment program, which is conducted for, or includes a department or ward conducted for, the care and treatment of persons with behavioral health disorders;
- (42) "Professional person" means a mental health professional, substance use disorder professional, or designated crisis responder and shall also mean a physician, physician assistant, psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner, registered nurse, and such others as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;
- (43) "Psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner" means a person who is licensed as an advanced registered nurse practitioner pursuant to chapter 18.79 RCW; and who is board certified in advanced practice psychiatric and mental health nursing;

1 (44) "Psychiatrist" means a person having a license as a physician and surgeon in this state who has in addition completed three years of graduate training in psychiatry in a program approved 3 by the American medical association or the American osteopathic 4 association and is certified or eligible to be certified by the 5 6 American board of psychiatry and neurology;

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- (45) "Psychologist" means a person who has been licensed as a psychologist pursuant to chapter 18.83 RCW;
- (46) "Public agency" means any evaluation and treatment facility institution, secure withdrawal management and stabilization facility, approved substance use disorder treatment program, hospital which is conducted for, or includes a department or ward conducted for, the care and treatment of persons with behavioral health disorders, if the agency is operated directly by federal, state, county, or municipal government, or a combination of such governments;
- 17 (47) "Release" means legal termination of the commitment under 18 the provisions of this chapter;
- 19 (48) "Resource management services" has the meaning given in 20 chapter 71.24 RCW;
- 21 (49) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of health, 22 or his or her designee;
 - (50) "Secure withdrawal management and stabilization facility" means a facility operated by either a public or private agency or by the program of an agency which provides care to voluntary individuals and individuals involuntarily detained and committed under this chapter for whom there is a likelihood of serious harm or who are gravely disabled due to the presence of a substance use disorder. Secure withdrawal management and stabilization facilities must:
 - (a) Provide the following services:
- 31 (i) Assessment and treatment, provided by certified substance use 32 disorder professionals or co-occurring disorder specialists;
 - (ii) Clinical stabilization services;
- 34 (iii) Acute or subacute detoxification services for intoxicated individuals; and 35
- 36 (iv) Discharge assistance provided by certified substance use disorder professionals or co-occurring disorder specialists, 37 including facilitating transitions to appropriate voluntary or 38 39 involuntary inpatient services or to less restrictive alternatives as 40 appropriate for the individual;

1 (b) Include security measures sufficient to protect the patients, 2 staff, and community; and

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- (c) Be licensed or certified as such by the department of health;
- (51) "Social worker" means a person with a master's or further advanced degree from a social work educational program accredited and approved as provided in RCW 18.320.010;
- (52) "Substance use disorder" means a cluster of cognitive, behavioral, and physiological symptoms indicating that an individual continues using the substance despite significant substance-related problems. The diagnosis of a substance use disorder is based on a pathological pattern of behaviors related to the use of the substances;
- (53) "Substance use disorder professional" means a person certified as a substance use disorder professional by the department of health under chapter 18.205 RCW;
- (54) "Therapeutic court personnel" means the staff of a mental health court or other therapeutic court which has jurisdiction over defendants who are dually diagnosed with mental disorders, including court personnel, probation officers, a court monitor, prosecuting attorney, or defense counsel acting within the scope of therapeutic court duties;
- (55) "Treatment records" include registration and all other records concerning persons who are receiving or who at any time have received services for behavioral health disorders, which are maintained by the department of social and health services, the department, the authority, behavioral health administrative services organizations and their staffs, managed care organizations and their staffs, and by treatment facilities. Treatment records include mental health information contained in a medical bill including but not limited to mental health drugs, a mental health diagnosis, provider name, and dates of service stemming from a medical service. Treatment records do not include notes or records maintained for personal use by a person providing treatment services for the department of social and health services, the department, the authority, behavioral health administrative services organizations, managed care organizations, or a treatment facility if the notes or records are not available to others;
- (56) "Triage facility" means a short-term facility or a portion of a facility licensed or certified by the department, which is designed as a facility to assess and stabilize an individual or

- determine the need for involuntary commitment of an individual, and must meet department residential treatment facility standards. A triage facility may be structured as a voluntary or involuntary placement facility;
- (57) "Video," unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, 5 6 means the delivery of behavioral health services through the use of interactive audio and video technology, permitting real-time 7 communication between a person and a designated crisis responder, for 8 the purpose of evaluation. "Video" does not include the use of audio-9 only telephone, facsimile, email, or store and forward technology. 10 11 "Store and forward technology" means use of an asynchronous 12 transmission of a person's medical information from a mental health service provider to the designated crisis responder which results in 13 14 medical diagnosis, consultation, or treatment;
- 15 (58) "Violent act" means behavior that resulted in homicide, 16 attempted suicide, injury, or substantial loss or damage to property;
- 17 (59) "Written order of apprehension" means an order of the court 18 for a peace officer to deliver the named person in the order to a 19 facility or emergency room as determined by the designated crisis 20 responder. Such orders shall be entered into the Washington crime 21 information center database.
- 22 (60) "Community behavioral health agency" has the same meaning as
 23 "licensed or certified behavioral health agency" defined in RCW
 24 71.24.025.
- 25 **Sec. 13.** RCW 71.05.020 and 2020 c 302 s 4, 2020 c 302 s 3, 2020 c 256 s 301, and 2020 c 5 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 30 (1) "Admission" or "admit" means a decision by a physician, 31 physician assistant, or psychiatric advanced registered nurse 32 practitioner that a person should be examined or treated as a patient 33 in a hospital;
- 34 (2) "Alcoholism" means a disease, characterized by a dependency 35 on alcoholic beverages, loss of control over the amount and 36 circumstances of use, symptoms of tolerance, physiological or 37 psychological withdrawal, or both, if use is reduced or discontinued, 38 and impairment of health or disruption of social or economic 39 functioning;

(3) "Antipsychotic medications" means that class of drugs primarily used to treat serious manifestations of mental illness associated with thought disorders, which includes, but is not limited to atypical antipsychotic medications;

- (4) "Approved substance use disorder treatment program" means a program for persons with a substance use disorder provided by a treatment program certified by the department as meeting standards adopted under chapter 71.24 RCW;
- (5) "Attending staff" means any person on the staff of a public or private agency having responsibility for the care and treatment of a patient;
 - (6) "Authority" means the Washington state health care authority;
 - (7) "Behavioral health disorder" means either a mental disorder as defined in this section, a substance use disorder as defined in this section, or a co-occurring mental disorder and substance use disorder;
 - (8) "Behavioral health service provider" means a public or private agency that provides mental health, substance use disorder, or co-occurring disorder services to persons with behavioral health disorders as defined under this section and receives funding from public sources. This includes, but is not limited to, hospitals licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW, evaluation and treatment facilities as defined in this section, community mental health service delivery systems or community behavioral health programs as defined in RCW 71.24.025, facilities conducting competency evaluations and restoration under chapter 10.77 RCW, approved substance use disorder treatment programs as defined in this section, secure withdrawal management and stabilization facilities as defined in this section, and correctional facilities operated by state and local governments;
 - (9) "Co-occurring disorder specialist" means an individual possessing an enhancement granted by the department of health under chapter 18.205 RCW that certifies the individual to provide substance use disorder counseling subject to the practice limitations under RCW 18.205.105;
 - (10) "Commitment" means the determination by a court that a person should be detained for a period of either evaluation or treatment, or both, in an inpatient or a less restrictive setting;
 - (11) "Conditional release" means a revocable modification of a commitment, which may be revoked upon violation of any of its terms;

- (12) "Crisis stabilization unit" means a short-term facility or a portion of a facility licensed or certified by the department, such as an evaluation and treatment facility or a hospital, which has been designed to assess, diagnose, and treat individuals experiencing an acute crisis without the use of long-term hospitalization;
- (13) "Custody" means involuntary detention under the provisions of this chapter or chapter 10.77 RCW, uninterrupted by any period of unconditional release from commitment from a facility providing involuntary care and treatment;
 - (14) "Department" means the department of health;

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- (15) "Designated crisis responder" means a mental health professional appointed by the county, by an entity appointed by the county, or by the authority in consultation with a federally recognized Indian tribe or after meeting and conferring with an Indian health care provider, to perform the duties specified in this chapter;
- 17 (16) "Detention" or "detain" means the lawful confinement of a person, under the provisions of this chapter;
 - (17) "Developmental disabilities professional" means a person who has specialized training and three years of experience in directly treating or working with persons with developmental disabilities and is a psychiatrist, physician assistant working with a supervising psychiatrist, psychologist, psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner, or social worker, and such other developmental disabilities professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary of the department of social and health services;
- 27 (18) "Developmental disability" means that condition defined in 28 RCW 71A.10.020(5);
 - (19) "Director" means the director of the authority;
- 30 (20) "Discharge" means the termination of hospital medical 31 authority. The commitment may remain in place, be terminated, or be 32 amended by court order;
 - (21) "Drug addiction" means a disease, characterized by a dependency on psychoactive chemicals, loss of control over the amount and circumstances of use, symptoms of tolerance, physiological or psychological withdrawal, or both, if use is reduced or discontinued, and impairment of health or disruption of social or economic functioning;
- 39 (22) "Evaluation and treatment facility" means any facility which 40 can provide directly, or by direct arrangement with other public or

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private agencies, emergency evaluation and treatment, outpatient care, and timely and appropriate inpatient care to persons suffering from a mental disorder, and which is licensed or certified as such by the department. The authority may certify single beds as temporary evaluation and treatment beds under RCW 71.05.745. A physically separate and separately operated portion of a state hospital may be designated as an evaluation and treatment facility. A facility which is part of, or operated by, the department of social and health services or any federal agency will not require certification. No correctional institution or facility, or jail, shall be an evaluation and treatment facility within the meaning of this chapter;

- (23) "Gravely disabled" means a condition in which a person, as a result of a behavioral health disorder: (a) Is in danger of serious physical harm resulting from a failure to provide for his or her essential human needs of health or safety; or (b) manifests severe deterioration from safe behavior evidenced by repeated and escalating loss of cognitive or volitional control over his or her actions and is not receiving such care as is essential for his or her health or safety;
- (24) "Habilitative services" means those services provided by program personnel to assist persons in acquiring and maintaining life skills and in raising their levels of physical, mental, social, and vocational functioning. Habilitative services include education, training for employment, and therapy. The habilitative process shall be undertaken with recognition of the risk to the public safety presented by the person being assisted as manifested by prior charged criminal conduct;
- (25) "Hearing" means any proceeding conducted in open court that conforms to the requirements of RCW 71.05.820;
- (26) "History of one or more violent acts" refers to the period of time ten years prior to the filing of a petition under this chapter, excluding any time spent, but not any violent acts committed, in a behavioral health facility, or in confinement as a result of a criminal conviction;
- (27) "Imminent" means the state or condition of being likely to occur at any moment or near at hand, rather than distant or remote;
- (28) "In need of assisted outpatient behavioral health treatment" means that a person, as a result of a behavioral health disorder: (a) Has been committed by a court to detention for involuntary behavioral health treatment during the preceding thirty-six months; (b) is

- 1 unlikely to voluntarily participate in outpatient treatment without
- 2 an order for less restrictive alternative treatment, based on a
- 3 history of nonadherence with treatment or in view of the person's
- 4 current behavior; (c) is likely to benefit from less restrictive
- 5 alternative treatment; and (d) requires less restrictive alternative
- 6 treatment to prevent a relapse, decompensation, or deterioration that
- 7 is likely to result in the person presenting a likelihood of serious
- 8 harm or the person becoming gravely disabled within a reasonably
- 9 short period of time;

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- 10 (29) "Individualized service plan" means a plan prepared by a 11 developmental disabilities professional with other professionals as a 12 team, for a person with developmental disabilities, which shall 13 state:
- 14 (a) The nature of the person's specific problems, prior charged 15 criminal behavior, and habilitation needs;
- 16 (b) The conditions and strategies necessary to achieve the 17 purposes of habilitation;
 - (c) The intermediate and long-range goals of the habilitation program, with a projected timetable for the attainment;
 - (d) The rationale for using this plan of habilitation to achieve those intermediate and long-range goals;
 - (e) The staff responsible for carrying out the plan;
- (f) Where relevant in light of past criminal behavior and due consideration for public safety, the criteria for proposed movement to less-restrictive settings, criteria for proposed eventual discharge or release, and a projected possible date for discharge or release; and
 - (g) The type of residence immediately anticipated for the person and possible future types of residences;
 - (30) "Intoxicated person" means a person whose mental or physical functioning is substantially impaired as a result of the use of alcohol or other psychoactive chemicals;
- 33 (31) "Judicial commitment" means a commitment by a court pursuant 34 to the provisions of this chapter;
- 35 (32) "Legal counsel" means attorneys and staff employed by county 36 prosecutor offices or the state attorney general acting in their 37 capacity as legal representatives of public behavioral health service 38 providers under RCW 71.05.130;

- 1 (33) "Less restrictive alternative treatment" means a program of 2 individualized treatment in a less restrictive setting than inpatient 3 treatment that includes the services described in RCW 71.05.585;
 - (34) "Licensed physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine and surgery in the state of Washington;
 - (35) "Likelihood of serious harm" means:

- (a) A substantial risk that: (i) Physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon his or her own person, as evidenced by threats or attempts to commit suicide or inflict physical harm on oneself; (ii) physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon another, as evidenced by behavior which has caused harm, substantial pain, or which places another person or persons in reasonable fear of harm to themselves or others; or (iii) physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon the property of others, as evidenced by behavior which has caused substantial loss or damage to the property of others; or
- (b) The person has threatened the physical safety of another and has a history of one or more violent acts;
- (36) "Medical clearance" means a physician or other health care provider has determined that a person is medically stable and ready for referral to the designated crisis responder;
- (37) "Mental disorder" means any organic, mental, or emotional impairment which has substantial adverse effects on a person's cognitive or volitional functions;
- (38) "Mental health professional" means a psychiatrist, psychologist, physician assistant working with a supervising psychiatrist, psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner, psychiatric nurse, or social worker, and such other mental health professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;
- (39) "Peace officer" means a law enforcement official of a public agency or governmental unit, and includes persons specifically given peace officer powers by any state law, local ordinance, or judicial order of appointment;
- (40) "Physician assistant" means a person licensed as a physician assistant under chapter 18.57A or 18.71A RCW;
- (41) "Private agency" means any person, partnership, corporation, or association that is not a public agency, whether or not financed in whole or in part by public funds, which constitutes an evaluation and treatment facility or private institution, or hospital, or

approved substance use disorder treatment program, which is conducted for, or includes a department or ward conducted for, the care and treatment of persons with behavioral health disorders;

- (42) "Professional person" means a mental health professional, substance use disorder professional, or designated crisis responder and shall also mean a physician, physician assistant, psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner, registered nurse, and such others as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;
- (43) "Psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner" means a person who is licensed as an advanced registered nurse practitioner pursuant to chapter 18.79 RCW; and who is board certified in advanced practice psychiatric and mental health nursing;
- (44) "Psychiatrist" means a person having a license as a physician and surgeon in this state who has in addition completed three years of graduate training in psychiatry in a program approved by the American medical association or the American osteopathic association and is certified or eligible to be certified by the American board of psychiatry and neurology;
- 20 (45) "Psychologist" means a person who has been licensed as a 21 psychologist pursuant to chapter 18.83 RCW;
 - (46) "Public agency" means any evaluation and treatment facility or institution, secure withdrawal management and stabilization facility, approved substance use disorder treatment program, or hospital which is conducted for, or includes a department or ward conducted for, the care and treatment of persons with behavioral health disorders, if the agency is operated directly by federal, state, county, or municipal government, or a combination of such governments;
- 30 (47) "Release" means legal termination of the commitment under 31 the provisions of this chapter;
- 32 (48) "Resource management services" has the meaning given in 33 chapter 71.24 RCW;
- 34 (49) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of health, 35 or his or her designee;
- 36 (50) "Secure withdrawal management and stabilization facility"
 37 means a facility operated by either a public or private agency or by
 38 the program of an agency which provides care to voluntary individuals
 39 and individuals involuntarily detained and committed under this
 40 chapter for whom there is a likelihood of serious harm or who are

- gravely disabled due to the presence of a substance use disorder. Secure withdrawal management and stabilization facilities must:
 - (a) Provide the following services:

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- (i) Assessment and treatment, provided by certified substance use disorder professionals or co-occurring disorder specialists;
 - (ii) Clinical stabilization services;
- 7 (iii) Acute or subacute detoxification services for intoxicated 8 individuals; and
 - (iv) Discharge assistance provided by certified substance use disorder professionals or co-occurring disorder specialists, including facilitating transitions to appropriate voluntary or involuntary inpatient services or to less restrictive alternatives as appropriate for the individual;
- 14 (b) Include security measures sufficient to protect the patients, 15 staff, and community; and
 - (c) Be licensed or certified as such by the department of health;
 - (51) "Severe deterioration from safe behavior" means that a person will, if not treated, suffer or continue to suffer severe and abnormal mental, emotional, or physical distress, and this distress is associated with significant impairment of judgment, reason, or behavior;
- 22 (52) "Social worker" means a person with a master's or further 23 advanced degree from a social work educational program accredited and 24 approved as provided in RCW 18.320.010;
 - (53) "Substance use disorder" means a cluster of cognitive, behavioral, and physiological symptoms indicating that an individual continues using the substance despite significant substance-related problems. The diagnosis of a substance use disorder is based on a pathological pattern of behaviors related to the use of the substances;
- 31 (54) "Substance use disorder professional" means a person 32 certified as a substance use disorder professional by the department 33 of health under chapter 18.205 RCW;
 - (55) "Therapeutic court personnel" means the staff of a mental health court or other therapeutic court which has jurisdiction over defendants who are dually diagnosed with mental disorders, including court personnel, probation officers, a court monitor, prosecuting attorney, or defense counsel acting within the scope of therapeutic court duties;

(56) "Treatment records" include registration and all other records concerning persons who are receiving or who at any time have received services for behavioral health disorders, which are maintained by the department of social and health services, the department, the authority, behavioral health administrative services organizations and their staffs, managed care organizations and their staffs, and by treatment facilities. Treatment records include mental health information contained in a medical bill including but not limited to mental health drugs, a mental health diagnosis, provider name, and dates of service stemming from a medical service. Treatment records do not include notes or records maintained for personal use by a person providing treatment services for the department of social and health services, the department, the authority, behavioral health administrative services organizations, managed care organizations, or a treatment facility if the notes or records are not available to others;

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- (57) "Triage facility" means a short-term facility or a portion of a facility licensed or certified by the department, which is designed as a facility to assess and stabilize an individual or determine the need for involuntary commitment of an individual, and must meet department residential treatment facility standards. A triage facility may be structured as a voluntary or involuntary placement facility;
- (58) "Video," unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, means the delivery of behavioral health services through the use of interactive audio and video technology, permitting real-time communication between a person and a designated crisis responder, for the purpose of evaluation. "Video" does not include the use of audio-only telephone, facsimile, email, or store and forward technology. "Store and forward technology" means use of an asynchronous transmission of a person's medical information from a mental health service provider to the designated crisis responder which results in medical diagnosis, consultation, or treatment;
- (59) "Violent act" means behavior that resulted in homicide, attempted suicide, injury, or substantial loss or damage to property;
- (60) "Written order of apprehension" means an order of the court for a peace officer to deliver the named person in the order to a facility or emergency room as determined by the designated crisis responder. Such orders shall be entered into the Washington crime information center database.

- 1 (61) "Community behavioral health agency" has the same meaning as
- 2 "licensed or certified behavioral health agency" defined in RCW
- 3 71.24.025.

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- 4 Sec. 14. RCW 71.05.020 and 2020 c 302 s 4, 2020 c 302 s 3, 2020
 5 c 256 s 301, 2020 c 80 s 51, and 2020 c 5 s 1 are each reenacted and
 6 amended to read as follows:
- 7 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 8 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
 - (1) "Admission" or "admit" means a decision by a physician, physician assistant, or psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner that a person should be examined or treated as a patient in a hospital;
 - (2) "Alcoholism" means a disease, characterized by a dependency on alcoholic beverages, loss of control over the amount and circumstances of use, symptoms of tolerance, physiological or psychological withdrawal, or both, if use is reduced or discontinued, and impairment of health or disruption of social or economic functioning;
 - (3) "Antipsychotic medications" means that class of drugs primarily used to treat serious manifestations of mental illness associated with thought disorders, which includes, but is not limited to atypical antipsychotic medications;
 - (4) "Approved substance use disorder treatment program" means a program for persons with a substance use disorder provided by a treatment program certified by the department as meeting standards adopted under chapter 71.24 RCW;
 - (5) "Attending staff" means any person on the staff of a public or private agency having responsibility for the care and treatment of a patient;
 - (6) "Authority" means the Washington state health care authority;
- 31 (7) "Behavioral health disorder" means either a mental disorder 32 as defined in this section, a substance use disorder as defined in 33 this section, or a co-occurring mental disorder and substance use 34 disorder;
- 35 (8) "Behavioral health service provider" means a public or 36 private agency that provides mental health, substance use disorder, 37 or co-occurring disorder services to persons with behavioral health 38 disorders as defined under this section and receives funding from 39 public sources. This includes, but is not limited to, hospitals

- licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW, evaluation and treatment facilities as defined in this section, community mental health service delivery systems or community behavioral health programs as defined in RCW 71.24.025, facilities conducting competency evaluations restoration under chapter 10.77 RCW, approved substance use disorder treatment programs as defined in this section, secure withdrawal management and stabilization facilities as defined in this section, and correctional facilities operated by state and local governments;
 - (9) "Co-occurring disorder specialist" means an individual possessing an enhancement granted by the department of health under chapter 18.205 RCW that certifies the individual to provide substance use disorder counseling subject to the practice limitations under RCW 18.205.105;

- (10) "Commitment" means the determination by a court that a person should be detained for a period of either evaluation or treatment, or both, in an inpatient or a less restrictive setting;
- (11) "Conditional release" means a revocable modification of a commitment, which may be revoked upon violation of any of its terms;
- (12) "Crisis stabilization unit" means a short-term facility or a portion of a facility licensed or certified by the department, such as an evaluation and treatment facility or a hospital, which has been designed to assess, diagnose, and treat individuals experiencing an acute crisis without the use of long-term hospitalization;
- (13) "Custody" means involuntary detention under the provisions of this chapter or chapter 10.77 RCW, uninterrupted by any period of unconditional release from commitment from a facility providing involuntary care and treatment;
 - (14) "Department" means the department of health;
- (15) "Designated crisis responder" means a mental health professional appointed by the county, by an entity appointed by the county, or by the authority in consultation with a federally recognized Indian tribe or after meeting and conferring with an Indian health care provider, to perform the duties specified in this chapter;
- (16) "Detention" or "detain" means the lawful confinement of a person, under the provisions of this chapter;
- (17) "Developmental disabilities professional" means a person who has specialized training and three years of experience in directly treating or working with persons with developmental disabilities and is a psychiatrist, physician assistant working with a supervising

- psychiatrist, psychologist, psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner, or social worker, and such other developmental disabilities professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary of the department of social and health services;
- 5 (18) "Developmental disability" means that condition defined in 6 RCW 71A.10.020(5);
 - (19) "Director" means the director of the authority;

- 8 (20) "Discharge" means the termination of hospital medical 9 authority. The commitment may remain in place, be terminated, or be 10 amended by court order;
 - (21) "Drug addiction" means a disease, characterized by a dependency on psychoactive chemicals, loss of control over the amount and circumstances of use, symptoms of tolerance, physiological or psychological withdrawal, or both, if use is reduced or discontinued, and impairment of health or disruption of social or economic functioning;
 - (22) "Evaluation and treatment facility" means any facility which can provide directly, or by direct arrangement with other public or private agencies, emergency evaluation and treatment, outpatient care, and timely and appropriate inpatient care to persons suffering from a mental disorder, and which is licensed or certified as such by the department. The authority may certify single beds as temporary evaluation and treatment beds under RCW 71.05.745. A physically separate and separately operated portion of a state hospital may be designated as an evaluation and treatment facility. A facility which is part of, or operated by, the department of social and health services or any federal agency will not require certification. No correctional institution or facility, or jail, shall be an evaluation and treatment facility within the meaning of this chapter;
 - (23) "Gravely disabled" means a condition in which a person, as a result of a behavioral health disorder: (a) Is in danger of serious physical harm resulting from a failure to provide for his or her essential human needs of health or safety; or (b) manifests severe deterioration from safe behavior evidenced by repeated and escalating loss of cognitive or volitional control over his or her actions and is not receiving such care as is essential for his or her health or safety;
 - (24) "Habilitative services" means those services provided by program personnel to assist persons in acquiring and maintaining life skills and in raising their levels of physical, mental, social, and

- vocational functioning. Habilitative services include education, training for employment, and therapy. The habilitative process shall be undertaken with recognition of the risk to the public safety presented by the person being assisted as manifested by prior charged criminal conduct;
 - (25) "Hearing" means any proceeding conducted in open court that conforms to the requirements of RCW 71.05.820;

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- (26) "History of one or more violent acts" refers to the period of time ten years prior to the filing of a petition under this chapter, excluding any time spent, but not any violent acts committed, in a behavioral health facility, or in confinement as a result of a criminal conviction;
- (27) "Imminent" means the state or condition of being likely to occur at any moment or near at hand, rather than distant or remote;
- means that a person, as a result of a behavioral health treatment" means that a person, as a result of a behavioral health disorder: (a) Has been committed by a court to detention for involuntary behavioral health treatment during the preceding thirty-six months; (b) is unlikely to voluntarily participate in outpatient treatment without an order for less restrictive alternative treatment, based on a history of nonadherence with treatment or in view of the person's current behavior; (c) is likely to benefit from less restrictive alternative treatment; and (d) requires less restrictive alternative treatment to prevent a relapse, decompensation, or deterioration that is likely to result in the person presenting a likelihood of serious harm or the person becoming gravely disabled within a reasonably short period of time;
- (29) "Individualized service plan" means a plan prepared by a developmental disabilities professional with other professionals as a team, for a person with developmental disabilities, which shall state:
- (a) The nature of the person's specific problems, prior charged criminal behavior, and habilitation needs;
- 34 (b) The conditions and strategies necessary to achieve the 35 purposes of habilitation;
- 36 (c) The intermediate and long-range goals of the habilitation 37 program, with a projected timetable for the attainment;
- 38 (d) The rationale for using this plan of habilitation to achieve 39 those intermediate and long-range goals;
 - (e) The staff responsible for carrying out the plan;

- (f) Where relevant in light of past criminal behavior and due consideration for public safety, the criteria for proposed movement to less-restrictive settings, criteria for proposed eventual discharge or release, and a projected possible date for discharge or release; and
 - (g) The type of residence immediately anticipated for the person and possible future types of residences;
 - (30) "Intoxicated person" means a person whose mental or physical functioning is substantially impaired as a result of the use of alcohol or other psychoactive chemicals;
- 11 (31) "Judicial commitment" means a commitment by a court pursuant 12 to the provisions of this chapter;
 - (32) "Legal counsel" means attorneys and staff employed by county prosecutor offices or the state attorney general acting in their capacity as legal representatives of public behavioral health service providers under RCW 71.05.130;
 - (33) "Less restrictive alternative treatment" means a program of individualized treatment in a less restrictive setting than inpatient treatment that includes the services described in RCW 71.05.585;
 - (34) "Licensed physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine and surgery in the state of Washington;
 - (35) "Likelihood of serious harm" means:

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- (a) A substantial risk that: (i) Physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon his or her own person, as evidenced by threats or attempts to commit suicide or inflict physical harm on oneself; (ii) physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon another, as evidenced by behavior which has caused harm, substantial pain, or which places another person or persons in reasonable fear of harm to themselves or others; or (iii) physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon the property of others, as evidenced by behavior which has caused substantial loss or damage to the property of others; or
- (b) The person has threatened the physical safety of another and has a history of one or more violent acts;
- (36) "Medical clearance" means a physician or other health care provider has determined that a person is medically stable and ready for referral to the designated crisis responder;
- 38 (37) "Mental disorder" means any organic, mental, or emotional 39 impairment which has substantial adverse effects on a person's 40 cognitive or volitional functions;

(38) "Mental health professional" means a psychiatrist, psychologist, physician assistant working with a supervising psychiatrist, psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner, psychiatric nurse, or social worker, and such other mental health professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;

- (39) "Peace officer" means a law enforcement official of a public agency or governmental unit, and includes persons specifically given peace officer powers by any state law, local ordinance, or judicial order of appointment;
- (40) "Physician assistant" means a person licensed as a physician assistant under chapter 18.71A RCW;
- (41) "Private agency" means any person, partnership, corporation, or association that is not a public agency, whether or not financed in whole or in part by public funds, which constitutes an evaluation and treatment facility or private institution, or hospital, or approved substance use disorder treatment program, which is conducted for, or includes a department or ward conducted for, the care and treatment of persons with behavioral health disorders;
- (42) "Professional person" means a mental health professional, substance use disorder professional, or designated crisis responder and shall also mean a physician, physician assistant, psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner, registered nurse, and such others as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;
- (43) "Psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner" means a person who is licensed as an advanced registered nurse practitioner pursuant to chapter 18.79 RCW; and who is board certified in advanced practice psychiatric and mental health nursing;
- (44) "Psychiatrist" means a person having a license as a physician and surgeon in this state who has in addition completed three years of graduate training in psychiatry in a program approved by the American medical association or the American osteopathic association and is certified or eligible to be certified by the American board of psychiatry and neurology;
- (45) "Psychologist" means a person who has been licensed as a psychologist pursuant to chapter 18.83 RCW;
- 38 (46) "Public agency" means any evaluation and treatment facility 39 or institution, secure withdrawal management and stabilization 40 facility, approved substance use disorder treatment program, or

- 1 hospital which is conducted for, or includes a department or ward
- conducted for, the care and treatment of persons with behavioral 2
- health disorders, if the agency is operated directly by federal, 3
- state, county, or municipal government, or a combination of such 4 governments; 5
- (47) "Release" means legal termination of the commitment under 6 7 the provisions of this chapter;
- (48) "Resource management services" has the meaning given in 8 9 chapter 71.24 RCW;
- (49) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of health, 10 11 or his or her designee;
 - (50) "Secure withdrawal management and stabilization facility" means a facility operated by either a public or private agency or by the program of an agency which provides care to voluntary individuals and individuals involuntarily detained and committed under this chapter for whom there is a likelihood of serious harm or who are gravely disabled due to the presence of a substance use disorder. Secure withdrawal management and stabilization facilities must:
- (a) Provide the following services: 19

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- 20 (i) Assessment and treatment, provided by certified substance use 21 disorder professionals or co-occurring disorder specialists;
 - (ii) Clinical stabilization services;
- 23 (iii) Acute or subacute detoxification services for intoxicated individuals; and 24
- (iv) Discharge assistance provided by certified substance use disorder professionals or co-occurring disorder specialists, including facilitating transitions to appropriate voluntary or 27 involuntary inpatient services or to less restrictive alternatives as appropriate for the individual;
- (b) Include security measures sufficient to protect the patients, 30 31 staff, and community; and
 - (c) Be licensed or certified as such by the department of health;
- (51) "Severe deterioration from safe behavior" means that a 33 person will, if not treated, suffer or continue to suffer severe and 34 abnormal mental, emotional, or physical distress, and this distress 35 36 is associated with significant impairment of judgment, reason, or 37 behavior;
- (52) "Social worker" means a person with a master's or further 38 39 advanced degree from a social work educational program accredited and 40 approved as provided in RCW 18.320.010;

(53) "Substance use disorder" means a cluster of cognitive, behavioral, and physiological symptoms indicating that an individual continues using the substance despite significant substance-related problems. The diagnosis of a substance use disorder is based on a pathological pattern of behaviors related to the use of the substances;

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- (54) "Substance use disorder professional" means a person certified as a substance use disorder professional by the department of health under chapter 18.205 RCW;
- (55) "Therapeutic court personnel" means the staff of a mental health court or other therapeutic court which has jurisdiction over defendants who are dually diagnosed with mental disorders, including court personnel, probation officers, a court monitor, prosecuting attorney, or defense counsel acting within the scope of therapeutic court duties;
- (56) "Treatment records" include registration and all other records concerning persons who are receiving or who at any time have received services for behavioral health disorders, which are maintained by the department of social and health services, the department, the authority, behavioral health administrative services organizations and their staffs, managed care organizations and their staffs, and by treatment facilities. Treatment records include mental health information contained in a medical bill including but not limited to mental health drugs, a mental health diagnosis, provider name, and dates of service stemming from a medical service. Treatment records do not include notes or records maintained for personal use by a person providing treatment services for the department of social and health services, the department, the authority, behavioral health administrative services organizations, managed care organizations, or a treatment facility if the notes or records are not available to others;
- (57) "Triage facility" means a short-term facility or a portion of a facility licensed or certified by the department, which is designed as a facility to assess and stabilize an individual or determine the need for involuntary commitment of an individual, and must meet department residential treatment facility standards. A triage facility may be structured as a voluntary or involuntary placement facility;
- 39 (58) "Video," unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, 40 means the delivery of behavioral health services through the use of

- 1 interactive audio and video technology, permitting real-time 2 communication between a person and a designated crisis responder, for
- 3 the purpose of evaluation. "Video" does not include the use of audio-
- 4 only telephone, facsimile, email, or store and forward technology.
- 5 "Store and forward technology" means use of an asynchronous
- 6 transmission of a person's medical information from a mental health
- 7 service provider to the designated crisis responder which results in
- 8 medical diagnosis, consultation, or treatment;
- 9 (59) "Violent act" means behavior that resulted in homicide, 10 attempted suicide, injury, or substantial loss or damage to property;
- 11 (60) "Written order of apprehension" means an order of the court 12 for a peace officer to deliver the named person in the order to a
- 13 facility or emergency room as determined by the designated crisis
- 14 responder. Such orders shall be entered into the Washington crime
- 15 information center database.
- 16 (61) "Community behavioral health agency" has the same meaning as
- 17 <u>"licensed or certified behavioral health agency" defined in RCW</u>
- 18 71.24.025.
- 19 **Sec. 15.** RCW 71.05.740 and 2020 c 302 s 58 are each amended to 20 read as follows:
- (1) All behavioral health administrative services organizations 21 22 in the state of Washington must forward historical behavioral health involuntary commitment information retained by the organization, 23 24 including identifying information and dates of commitment to the authority. As soon as feasible, the behavioral health administrative 25 services organizations must arrange to report new commitment data to 26 27 the authority within twenty-four hours. Commitment information under this section does not need to be resent if it is already in the 28 29 possession of the authority. Behavioral health administrative 30 services organizations and the authority shall be immune from 31 liability related to the sharing of commitment information under this 32 section.
- 33 (2) The clerk of the court must share hearing outcomes in all
 34 hearings under this chapter with the local behavioral health
 35 administrative services organization that serves the region where the
 36 superior court is located, including in cases in which the designated
 37 crisis responder investigation occurred outside the region. The
 38 hearing outcome data must include the name of the facility to which a

- **Sec. 16.** RCW 71.24.035 and 2020 c 256 s 202 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The authority is designated as the state behavioral health authority which includes recognition as the single state authority for substance use disorders and state mental health authority.
 - (2) The director shall provide for public, client, tribal, and licensed or certified behavioral health agency participation in developing the state behavioral health program, developing related contracts, and any waiver request to the federal government under medicaid.
 - (3) The director shall provide for participation in developing the state behavioral health program for children and other underserved populations, by including representatives on any committee established to provide oversight to the state behavioral health program.
 - (4) The authority shall be designated as the behavioral health administrative services organization for a regional service area if a behavioral health administrative services organization fails to meet the authority's contracting requirements or refuses to exercise the responsibilities under its contract or state law, until such time as a new behavioral health administrative services organization is designated.
 - (5) The director shall:

- (a) Assure that any behavioral health administrative services organization, managed care organization, or community behavioral health program provides medically necessary services to medicaid recipients consistent with the state's medicaid state plan or federal waiver authorities, and nonmedicaid services consistent with priorities established by the authority;
- (b) Develop contracts in a manner to ensure an adequate network of inpatient services, evaluation and treatment services, and facilities under chapter 71.05 RCW to ensure access to treatment, resource management services, and community support services;
- (c) Make contracts necessary or incidental to the performance of its duties and the execution of its powers, including managed care contracts for behavioral health services, contracts entered into under RCW 74.09.522, and contracts with public and private agencies, organizations, and individuals to pay them for behavioral health services;

(d) Define administrative costs and ensure that the behavioral health administrative services organization does not exceed an administrative cost of ten percent of available funds;

- (e) Establish, to the extent possible, a standardized auditing procedure which is designed to assure compliance with contractual agreements authorized by this chapter and minimizes paperwork requirements. The audit procedure shall focus on the outcomes of service as provided in RCW 71.24.435, 70.320.020, and 71.36.025;
- (f) Develop and maintain an information system to be used by the state and behavioral health administrative services organizations and managed care organizations that includes a tracking method which allows the authority to identify behavioral health clients' participation in any behavioral health service or public program on an immediate basis. The information system shall not include individual patient's case history files. Confidentiality of client information and records shall be maintained as provided in this chapter and chapter 70.02 RCW;
- (g) Monitor and audit behavioral health administrative services organizations as needed to assure compliance with contractual agreements authorized by this chapter;
- (h) Monitor and audit access to behavioral health services for individuals eligible for medicaid who are not enrolled in a managed care organization;
- (i) Adopt such rules as are necessary to implement the authority's responsibilities under this chapter;
- (j) Administer or supervise the administration of the provisions relating to persons with substance use disorders and intoxicated persons of any state plan submitted for federal funding pursuant to federal health, welfare, or treatment legislation;
- (k) Require the behavioral health administrative services organizations and the managed care organizations to develop agreements with tribal, city, and county jails and the department of corrections to accept referrals for enrollment on behalf of a confined person, prior to the person's release;
- 35 (1) Require behavioral health administrative services 36 organizations and managed care organizations, as applicable, to 37 provide services as identified in RCW 71.05.585 to individuals 38 committed for involuntary commitment under less restrictive 39 alternative court orders when:
 - (i) The individual is enrolled in the medicaid program; or

- (ii) The individual is not enrolled in $medicaid((\tau))$ and does not have other insurance which can pay for the services((τ and the behavioral health administrative services organization has adequate available resources to provide the services)); and
 - (m) Coordinate with the centers for medicare and medicaid services to provide that behavioral health aide services are eligible for federal funding of up to one hundred percent.

- (6) The director shall use available resources only for behavioral health administrative services organizations and managed care organizations, except:
- (a) To the extent authorized, and in accordance with any priorities or conditions specified, in the biennial appropriations act; or
- (b) To incentivize improved performance with respect to the client outcomes established in RCW 71.24.435, 70.320.020, and 71.36.025, integration of behavioral health and medical services at the clinical level, and improved care coordination for individuals with complex care needs.
 - (7) Each behavioral health administrative services organization, managed care organization, and licensed or certified behavioral health agency shall file with the secretary of the department of health or the director, on request, such data, statistics, schedules, and information as the secretary of the department of health or the director reasonably requires. A behavioral health administrative services organization, managed care organization, or licensed or certified behavioral health agency which, without good cause, fails to furnish any data, statistics, schedules, or information as requested, or files fraudulent reports thereof, may be subject to the contractual remedies in RCW 74.09.871 or may have its service provider certification or license revoked or suspended.
 - (8) The superior court may restrain any behavioral health administrative services organization, managed care organization, or service provider from operating without a contract, certification, or a license or any other violation of this section. The court may also review, pursuant to procedures contained in chapter 34.05 RCW, any denial, suspension, limitation, restriction, or revocation of certification or license, and grant other relief required to enforce the provisions of this chapter.
- 39 (9) Upon petition by the secretary of the department of health or 40 the director, and after hearing held upon reasonable notice to the

- facility, the superior court may issue a warrant to an officer or employee of the secretary of the department of health or the director authorizing him or her to enter at reasonable times, and examine the records, books, and accounts of any behavioral health administrative services organization, managed care organization, or service provider refusing to consent to inspection or examination by the authority.
- (10) Notwithstanding the existence or pursuit of any other remedy, the secretary of the department of health or the director may file an action for an injunction or other process against any person or governmental unit to restrain or prevent the establishment, conduct, or operation of a behavioral health administrative services organization, managed care organization, or service provider without a contract, certification, or a license under this chapter.
- (11) The authority shall distribute appropriated state and federal funds in accordance with any priorities, terms, or conditions specified in the appropriations act.
- (12) The authority, in cooperation with the state congressional delegation, shall actively seek waivers of federal requirements and such modifications of federal regulations as are necessary to allow federal medicaid reimbursement for services provided by freestanding evaluation and treatment facilities licensed under chapter 71.12 RCW or certified under chapter 71.05 RCW. The authority shall periodically share the results of its efforts with the appropriate committees of the senate and the house of representatives.
 - (13) The authority may:

- (a) Plan, establish, and maintain substance use disorder prevention and substance use disorder treatment programs as necessary or desirable;
- (b) Coordinate its activities and cooperate with behavioral programs in this and other states, and make contracts and other joint or cooperative arrangements with state, tribal, local, or private agencies in this and other states for behavioral health services and for the common advancement of substance use disorder programs;
- 34 (c) Solicit and accept for use any gift of money or property made 35 by will or otherwise, and any grant of money, services, or property 36 from the federal government, the state, or any political subdivision 37 thereof or any private source, and do all things necessary to 38 cooperate with the federal government or any of its agencies in 39 making an application for any grant;

- 1 (d) Keep records and engage in research and the gathering of relevant statistics; and
- 3 (e) Acquire, hold, or dispose of real property or any interest 4 therein, and construct, lease, or otherwise provide substance use 5 disorder treatment programs.
- 6 **Sec. 17.** RCW 71.24.045 and 2019 c 325 s 1008 are each amended to read as follows:
- 8 (1) The behavioral health administrative services organization 9 contracted with the authority pursuant to RCW 71.24.381 shall:
- 10 (a) Administer crisis services for the assigned regional service 11 area. Such services must include:
- 12 (i) A behavioral health crisis hotline for its assigned regional service area;
- 14 (ii) Crisis response services twenty-four hours a day, seven days 15 a week, three hundred sixty-five days a year;
- 16 (iii) Services related to involuntary commitments under chapters 71.05 and 71.34 RCW;

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- within the region by superior courts, and providing notification to a managed care organization in the region when one of its enrollees receives a less restrictive alternative order so that the managed care organization may ensure that the person is connected to services and that the requirements of RCW 71.05.585 are complied with. If the person receives a less restrictive alternative order and is returning to another region, the behavioral health administrative services organization shall notify the behavioral health administrative services organization in the home region of the less restrictive alternative order so that the home behavioral health administrative services organization may notify the person's managed care organization or provide services if the person is not enrolled in medicaid and does not have other insurance which can pay for those services.
- 33 <u>(v)</u> Additional noncrisis behavioral health services, within available resources, to individuals who meet certain criteria set by the authority in its contracts with the behavioral health administrative services organization. These services may include services provided through federal grant funds, provisos, and general fund state appropriations;

 $((\frac{\langle v \rangle}{\langle v \rangle}))$ (vi) Care coordination, diversion services, and discharge planning for nonmedicaid individuals transitioning from state hospitals or inpatient settings to reduce rehospitalization and utilization of crisis services, as required by the authority in contract; and

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- (((vi))) <u>(vii)</u> Regional coordination, cross-system and cross-jurisdiction coordination with tribal governments, and capacity building efforts, such as supporting the behavioral health advisory board, the behavioral health ombuds, and efforts to support access to services or to improve the behavioral health system;
- (b) Administer and provide for the availability of an adequate network of evaluation and treatment services to ensure access to treatment, investigation, transportation, court-related, and other services provided as required under chapter 71.05 RCW;
 - (c) Coordinate services for individuals under RCW 71.05.365;
- (d) Administer and provide for the availability of resource management services, residential services, and community support services as required under its contract with the authority;
- (e) Contract with a sufficient number, as determined by the authority, of licensed or certified providers for crisis services and other behavioral health services required by the authority;
- 22 (f) Maintain adequate reserves or secure a bond as required by 23 its contract with the authority;
 - (g) Establish and maintain quality assurance processes;
 - (h) Meet established limitations on administrative costs for agencies that contract with the behavioral health administrative services organization; and
- 28 (i) Maintain patient tracking information as required by the 29 authority.
 - (2) The behavioral health administrative services organization must collaborate with the authority and its contracted managed care organizations to develop and implement strategies to coordinate care with tribes and community behavioral health providers for individuals with a history of frequent crisis system utilization.
- 35 (3) The behavioral health administrative services organization 36 shall:
- 37 (a) Assure that the special needs of minorities, older adults, 38 individuals with disabilities, children, and low-income persons are 39 met;

- 1 (b) Collaborate with local government entities to ensure that 2 policies do not result in an adverse shift of persons with mental 3 illness into state and local correctional facilities; and
- 4 (c) Work with the authority to expedite the enrollment or 5 reenrollment of eligible persons leaving state or local correctional 6 facilities and institutions for mental diseases.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. A new section is added to chapter 71.24

 RCW to read as follows:
- The authority shall coordinate with the department of social and 9 10 health services to offer contracts to community behavioral health agencies to support the nonmedicaid costs entailed in fulfilling the 11 agencies' role as transition team members for a person recommended 12 for conditional release to a less restrictive alternative under RCW 13 10.77.150, or for a person who qualifies for multidisciplinary 14 15 transition team services under RCW 71.05.320(6)(a)(i). The authority 16 may establish requirements, provide technical assistance, and provide 17 training as appropriate and within available funding.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. The Washington state health care authority shall revise its behavioral health data system for tracking involuntary commitment orders to distinguish less restrictive alternative orders from other types of involuntary commitment orders, including being able to distinguish between initial orders and extensions.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. The provisions of this act apply to persons who are committed for inpatient treatment under chapter 10.77 or 71.05 RCW as of the effective date of this section.
- Sec. 21. 2020 c 302 s 110 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
- 29 (1) Sections 4 and 28 ((of this act)), chapter 302, Laws of 2020 30 and sections 13 and 14 of this act take effect when monthly single-31 bed certifications authorized under RCW 71.05.745 fall below 200 32 reports for 3 consecutive months.
- 33 (2) The health care authority must provide written notice of the 34 effective date of sections 4 and 28 ((of this act)), chapter 302, 35 <u>Laws of 2020 and sections 13 and 14 of this act</u> to affected parties, 36 the chief clerk of the house of representatives, the secretary of the

- 1 senate, the office of the code reviser, and others as deemed
- 2 appropriate by the authority.
- 3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 22.** Section 2 of this act expires July 1,
- 4 2026.
- 5 NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. Section 3 of this act takes effect July
- 6 1, 2026.
- 7 NEW SECTION. Sec. 24. Sections 11 and 13 of this act expire
- 8 July 1, 2022.
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 25.** Sections 12 and 14 of this act take
- 10 effect July 1, 2022.

Passed by the Senate April 14, 2021. Passed by the House April 11, 2021. Approved by the Governor May 12, 2021. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 12, 2021.

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